The North Carolinian.

VOLUME V. ELIZABETH CITY, N. C., WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 13, 1873. NUMBER 8.

NORTH CAROLINIAN

PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY,

BY PALEMON JOHN.

Office in the "North Carolinian" building, on Main Street, one door East of the Albemarle House.

TERMS:—Two Dollars a year, in advance. If not paid in advance $2.50 will be charged.

RATES OF ADVERTISING:

	1w.	2w.	4w.	2m.	3m.	6m.	1yr.
1 Square	$1 00	$1 50	$2 50	$4 00	$5 00	$8 00	$12 00
2 Squares	2 00	3 00	4 00	6 00	8 00	12 00	20 00
3 Squares	3 50	4 00	6 00	8 00	12 00	18 00	25 00
4 Squares	4 50	5 00	7 00	10 00	13 00	19 50	30 00
5 Squares	5 00	7 00	9 00	11 00	15 00	20 00	35 00
¼ Column	8 00	12 00	15 00	20 00	25 00	35 00	60 00
½ Column	12 00	16 00	20 00	25 00	35 00	60 00	100 00

BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONAL CARDS inserted in the directory for two dollars a year for the first two lines. One dollar for each additional line.

A liberal deduction, by special contract, to large advertisements.

Transient advertisements when not exceeding three inches, will be $1.50. For each additional inch $2 extra will be charged.

Divorce Notices $6. Administrators' Notices $5.50

OBITUARY NOTICES, embracing more than the ordinary announcement of death, and obituary poetry, ten cents a line.

Ten per cent. off per cent. in addition to regular rates.

LOCAL NOTICES IN READING COLUMNS—Ten cents per line for first insertion, and six cents per line for every subsequent insertion.

NOTICES IN LOCAL COLUMN—Twenty cents per line.

No Paper or Advertisement discontinued until arrearages are paid, unless at the option of the publisher.

All transient advertisements and job work must be paid for when ordered.

Persons lifting and using the papers addressed to others, become subscribers and are liable for the price of the paper.

Post Office Money Orders we consider perfectly safe, and the best means of remitting. Registered Letters, under the new system, are a very safe means of sending small sums of money where P. O. Money Orders cannot be readily obtained. We will not be responsible for money sent in any other way.

ELIZABETH CITY DIRECTORY.

PROFESSIONAL.

C. W. GRANDY, Jr., attorney at law, office on Main street, south side. v1n1-1y

C. L. COBB, attorney and counsellor at law, Main st opposite "Carolinian" office. v1n1-1y

JAMES L. BALL, attorney and counsellor at law, office east side Road street, three doors from Main. v1n1-1y

DR. W. G. POOL, physician and surgeon, at his residence, south Main st. v1n1-1y

DR. L. K. SAUNDERS, physician and surgeon, Main st, opposite Baptist Church. v1n1-1 2

REV. JOSEPH COMMANDER—office Road street, near Heather Hill; residence, Ehringhaus st. v1n1-1

DR. R. K. SPEED, physician, office over Green & Aydlett's store, cor. Road and Ehringhaus sts. v1n1-1y

DR. E. H. McINTOSH, physician, office Road street, corner old Post Office. v1n1-1y

R. T. ANDREWS, Dentist, office in North Carolinian building. v1n31-1y.

CLOCKS, WATCHES, &c.

FRANK M. COOK, watches, clocks, &c., &c., Road st. east side, near Main. v1n1-1y

DRUGS, CHEMICALS, &c.

C. H. HERRITAGE & Bro., drugs, chemicals, paints, oils, &c., northeast corner Road and Fearing sts. v1n1-1y

JAMES N. BUTT, drugs, chemicals, paints, oils &c., south West corner Church and Road sts. 1-1y

DR. KELLY & CO., drugs, paints, oils &c., south east corner of Main and Road Sts. 1-1y

MERCHANTS AND GROCERS.

ZENAS FEARING, dry goods, groceries, boots, shoes, &c., corner Road and Ehringhaus sts. v1n1-1y

WM. HALL, dealer in dry goods, clothing, hats, boots and shoes, corner Main and Water sts. v1n1-1y

C. O. GREEN, hardware and general assortment of goods, northeast corner Road and Church sts. v1n1-1y

D. G. BRADFORD, wholesale and retail grocer, No. 31 Road street. v1n1-1y

W. BROWN, Groceries, Liquors &c., also, Bowling Alley, Main St. near the Market. 47-1y

W. MESSNER, baker, confectionery, groceries, &c., Road st., opposite Col. Martin's office. v1n1-1y

HOTELS.

ALBEMARLE HOUSE, W. H. Smith, proprietor corner of Main and Road sts.

PENDLETON HOTEL, T. D. Pendleton, pro'r, Water st opposite Clark's Agricultural Warehouse. v1n1-1y

LIVERY STABLES

A. L. JONES, livery stables, old stand, Main street. v1n1-1y

C. E. BROTHERS, Livery Stables, east side Road st. south of Church. v1n1-1y

MISCELLANEOUS.

T. E. BUTTER, Book and Job Printer Carolinian office, Main Street.

MRS. SARAH LABOYTEAUX, milliner, southwest corner Road and Main sts. v1n1-1y

NORTH CAROLINA MANUFACTURING, LOAN AND TRUST CO'S BANKING HOUSE, one door east of the office of the "North Carolinian." v1n1-1y

GEO. M. SCOTT, life, fire and marine insurance agent southeast corner Main and Elliott sts. v1n1-1y

JAMES L. SMITHSON practical house painter, Road st., near Main. v1n1-1y

GEO. W. BELL, gun and lock smith, Road street, two doors south of Main. v1n1-1y

W. C. DAWSON'S Gallery of Art, over Butt's Drug Store, Road street. 5—1y.

I. O. O. F.—Achoree Lodge, I. O. O. F., meets at their Hall over Mr. J. Q. Etheridge's Drug Store, every Thursday evening—in Summer at 7½ p. m. and in Winter, at ——

OFFICIAL DIRECTORY

ELIZABETH CITY.

Charter election on the first Monday of May.—Meeting of the Board of Commissioners, afternoon of the first Monday of each month. Mayor—George W. Cobb. Commissioners—T. A. Commander, J. H. Ziegler, J. Russell Lancaster Brothers and Jno. Wallace Treasurer—Geo. W. Bell. Attorney—J. H. Shaw. Clerk—Jos. Commander. Collector—J. H. Miskell. Constable—J. H. Miskell. Scavenger—A. LeJones.

Post Office—W. A. Price, Postmaster.

Churches.—First M E Church, Rev Geo. E. Booker, Pastor—Sunday services at 11 o'clock, a. m. and 7 p. m.—Sunday school at 9 o'clock, a. m.—Christ Church (Episcopal), Rev M. H. Vaughan Rector.—Sunday School at 9 a. m. services 10½ a. m., and 4½ p. m. service in chapel for colored people at 8 p. m.——Baptist Church, Rev J. F. Purdie, Pastor. Regular services every Sabbath at 11 o'clock A. M., and 7½ P. M. Sunday School promptly at 9 o'clock A. M.——Zion A M E Church, Rev W R Brooks, Pastor Sunday services at 11 o'clock, a. m., and at 3 and 8 p. m. Sunday School at 9 a. m. Friends Meeting every Sabbath at 3 o'clock, P. M., at the house of Dr. Wm. Underwood.

Lodges.—Achoree, Lodge No 14, I O of O F.—Meets every Thursday evening.——Talula Encampment No. 8, I. O. O. F., meets on 2d and 4th Tuesday in each month.——Brotherhood and Sisters of Love and Charity. Meets alternate Tuesday nights.——Grand United Order of O. F.—Meets alternate Thursday nights.——Masonic.—Euclea Lodge, meets on first Monday night of each month.

PASQUOTANK COUNTY.

Sheriff, Jno L Wood; Clerk Superior Court, William B Vaughan; Treasurer, B C Brothers; Coroner, Miles Commander; Register of Deeds, John T. Price; Surveyor, J. Q. A. Wood; Standard Keeper, A. L. Jones; Commissioners, C. W. Smith, Edmund Daily, J. S. Wilcox, Emanuel Davis and Abraham Morris; Commissioner's Attorney, W. H. Smith.—Representative, F. M. Godfrey.

Superior Court—Fifth judicial district—Commences the first Monday in March and October. County seat, Elizabeth City.

FIRST CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

Composed of the Counties of Pasquotank, Perquimans, Camden, Currituck, Dare, Tyrrell, Hyde, Beaufort, Washington, Bertie, Hertford, Chowan, Martin, Gates, Northampton and Halifax.

Member of Congress, C L Cobb, Elizabeth City; Collector 1st Internal Revenue, Wm Barrow, Jackson; Assessor of Internal Revenue, Hiram E Stilley, Washington.

FIRST JUDICIAL DISTRICT.

Is composed of the counties of Pasquotank (Court held on 4th Monday after the first Monday in March and October—County seat Elizabeth City,) Bertie, (Court held on 1st Monday in March and October—County seat Windsor,) Camden, (Court 12 Monday after first Monday in March and October) Chowan, (Court 6th Monday after 1st Monday in March and October—County seat Edenton,) Currituck, (Court 14 Monday after the first Monday in March and October—County seat Currituck C. H.,) Gates, (Court 4th Monday after the 1st in March and October—County seat Gatesville,) Hertford, Court 3rd Monday in March and October—County seat Winton,) Perquimans, (Court 8th Monday after 1st Monday in March and October—County seat Hertford,) and Dare. (Court in June and January—County seat Roanoke Island,) Judge Hon. J. W. Alexander, Hertford; Solicitor, Willis Bagley, of Perquimans.

UNITED STATES COURTS.

Judge Circuit and District Courts, George W Brooks, Elizabeth City; Clerk of Circuit Court, N J Riddick, Raleigh; U S Attorney, D H Starbuck, Salem; U S Marshal, C T Carrow, Washington. The Terms of the Circuit Court are as follows:—1st Monday in June, and last Monday in November, at Raleigh. The Terms of the District Court are as follows: Third Monday in April and October, at Elizabeth City; M B Culpepper, Clerk; Fourth Monday in April October at New Bern; Chas Hibbard, Clerk. First Monday after the fourth Monday in April October. Washington, Wm. Larkins Clerk.

BUSINESS CARDS.

NEWS EMPORIUM.

THE undersigned having purchased the Elizabeth City "News Emporium," has removed it to Water Street, where he will keep the Newspapers and Periodicals of the day. Also

STATIONERY

of all kinds, as Writing Paper, Ink, Pens, Pencils, Blank Books, &c.

P. W. MELICK.

ELIZABETH CITY, June 20th.—6m.

JOHN Q. ETHERIDGE & BRO.,

DEALERS IN PURE

DRUGS,

MEDICINES,

PAINTS,

OILS,

GLASS,

VARNISHES,

PERFUMERY,

AND FANCY ARTICLES.

All staples connected with a first class Drug Business will always be found on hand.

☞ Prescriptions accurately compounded.

32-1y. E. City, N. C. Jan. 20, '70.

$1,000 REWARD For any case of Blind Bleeding, Itching or Ulcerated Piles that Dr. BING'S PILE REMEDY fails to cure. It is prepared expressly to cure the Piles and nothing else. Sold by all Druggist. Price $1.00,

DR KREBS & CO., Agents, Elizabeth City, N. C

FOUTZ

Nov. 13th, 1872.—1yr.

I. A. COHN,

Dealer in

DRY GOODS,

BOOTS,

SHOES,

HATS,

CAPS,

DRESS GOODS

AND GENERAL

MERCHANDIZE.

Road St., Elizabeth City, N. C.

☞ The cheapest place in the City. 3-tf

THE ELIZABETH CITY BAKERY & CONFECTIONERY STORE.

Fresh bread, cakes and pies always on hand Also a good variety of candies, fruits, nuts, figs, raisins, pickles, crackers, cheese, butter—in short everything in the bakery or confectionery line always on hand. Families supplied with bread cakes and pies on reasonable terms. Come and see. WILLIAM STEGER.

Road Street, Elizabeth City. 24-1y

DAVIS' SALOON,

IN THE ALBEMARLE BUILDING

MAIN STREET, E. CITY, N. C.

WM. C. DAVIS, PROPRIETOR.

Keeps the best and purest Liquors, Tobacco, Cigars, etc. Everything in the best style.

37-v4-1yr.

R. K. SPEED.— —JOHN BLACK.

SPEED & BLACK,

General Life, Fire and Marine In's Ag'ts

S. W. corner of Main and Road Sts.,

Elizabeth City, N. C.

Capital Represented $40,000,000.

Issues every *desirable* kind of Life Policy, *Mutual and Stock.*

Insurable property placed in *First-class* Companies *at lowest rates.*

Will adjust *Life and Fire* losses in any part of Eastern North Carolina.

April 11th, 1872.—1yr.

DR. BUTT CAN SHOW YOU THE Finest and largest display of perfumery, ever offered for sale.

A LARGE LOT OF PLASTERING HAIR for sale by Dr. J. N. BUTT, expect to keep the trade supplied permanently with this article at the lowest market price.

SMITH, DIXON & CO.

COMMISSION PAPER WAREHOUSE,

338 CHARLES ST, BALTIMORE, MD.

Manufacturers of paper, machine made paper bags, and dealers in all descriptions of Paper, Card board, Twine and Ink 32-1y

NORTH CAROLINA HOME INSURANCE COMPANY.

OF RALEIGH, NORTH CAROLINA.

A first-class North Carolina Institution with $225,000 Capital and surplus liable for losses. A home enterprise that circulates its currency at home to help developethe resources of the State and enrich her people.

It deals justly, manages economically and judiciously, adjusts its losses equitably, and pays them promptly.

Call at SPEED & BLACK'S, Life and Fire Insurance Agency, Road St., Elizabeth City and secure a policy on your property 25-3m.

PROFESSIONAL.

C. C. POOL— —W. F. POOL.

C. C. & W. F. POOL,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

Elizabeth City, N. C.

Practice in all the courts of the First Judicial District. Collections made in any part of the State. Prompt attention given to cases in the Supreme Court.

36-v 4. 1y.

THOS. R. JERNIGAN,

Attorney at Law,

HARRELLSVILLE, N. C.

Collections made in any part of North Carolina.

32.-6m.

C. W. GRANDY, JR.

ATTORNEY AT LAW AND GENERAL COLLECTOR,

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

Office North side of Main Street.

Jan. 13, 1870—1y.

PROFESSIONAL.—

DR. JAS. N. BUTT, Can be found at all hours of the day, at his Drug Store. In consequence of ill health he is engaged almost exclusively in an Office Practice. Those wishing medical attention will find him at home at all hours and avoid the annoyance of hunting a Physician absent on professional duties in the country.

E. City Sept. 15, 1870.

DENTISTRY.

The undersigned has opened an office in Elizabeth City, N. C., for the purpose of practicing Dentistry in all its branches.

☞ Office in the North Carolinian building second story, corner Main and Road streets.

I. T. ANDREWS.

1870-tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

HOUSE, SIGN AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTING.

The undersigned has resumed the business of House, Sign and Ornamental PAINTER, and respectfully tenders his services to the public in that line of business.

His reputation as a painter is well known in this, and the surrounding counties; and the promptness with which he has heretofore acted, and the faithfulness with which all work entrusted to him has always been done, he hopes will again insure him a liberal patronage.

THOMAS R. BLAND.

Elizabe City, N. C., Sept. 30, 1869-1y.

LOOK HERE.

A NEW STORE AND NEW GOODS.

We take pleasure in informing our friends that we have opened a NEW STORE on South Rood Street, which we have filled up with Dry Goods, Groceries, Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes, Candies and Notions, all of which we will sell at lowest prices.

☞ We pay the highest price for Cotton Corn, Rags and Produce. Give us a call.

BENJ. R. JOHNSON, JAMES C. JOHNSON.

E. City, N. C., Nov. 21st, 1872.

BRICK! BRICK!!

AT THE ELIZABETH CITY BRICK YARD

I am prepared to furnish Brick at all times and in quantities to suit purchasers. Parties desiring brick for building, paving, or for any other use, are respectfully solicited to call at my yard and examine for themselves both as to quality and price.

E. B. BROWER.

ELIZ. CITY, Jan. 18th, 1872-1y.

PAILIN'S STORE.

The place to get your money back is to buy your

DRY GOODS,

GROCERIES,

AND

NOTIONS

at Capt. JOHN PAILEN'S Store, on Road Street, at the end of Shepard. Be sure and give me a call.

JOHN PAILIN.

E. City, N. C., Dec. 18th, 1871-1yr.

HO! For the Spring and Summer Trade.

HEAD QUARTERS AT THE CANAL BRIDGE.

Merchandize of all kinds and Groceries of the best qualities always on hand.

STOVES! STOVES!!

Also a splendid assortment of Stoves.

COME AND GIVE ME A CALL.

C. B. BROTHERS.

Elizabeth City, N. C.

HAVING SECURED THE SERVICES OF THE best mechanics in each of the departments, and giving my own particular attention to all work done at my shop, I feel safe in saying that my work will compare

favorably with that of any of the large cities. All I ask is an examination of my work to convince those in want of any kind of a vehicle that this is the place to buy them.

Repairing done at short notice and at reasonable rates. Give me a call.

JNO. S. WAUGH.

Elizabeth City, Nov. 25, 1869.-tf.

J. M. MATHEWS,

WATCH MAKER AND JEWELER.

HAVING located in the Road St. 2 doors from Main Elizabeth City, N. C. is prepared to operate in the Watch Maker and Jeweler business in all its departments. He respectfully solicit a share of patronage.

April 18th, 1872.-1yr.

Bingham School

MEBANEVILLE, N. C.

MAJOR ROBERT BINGHAM, *Superintendent*

MAJ. W. B. LYNCH, CAPT. T. L. NORWOOD

Fall Session opens 25th July.

☞ For Circulars, address,

MAJOR ROBERT BINGHAM, Sup't.

NEW MACHINE SHOP.

JONES & DAVENPORT,

IRON AND WOOD WORKERS.

Having bought the Tools, Machinery and duplicate Castings for Horse Powers and Corn Shellers of W. H. Clark, we are prepared to do all kind of repairs in the Agricultural line and Steam Machinery.

We guarantee to do work as cheap as it can be done abroad. Shop near Griffins Mill.

JONES & DAVENPORT.

Elizabeth City, N. C., Mar. 26, 1873. 40-1yr.

TO COUNTRY MERCHANTS BUYING small stocks. We think we can sell you on more liberal terms than you can buy in Norfolk or Baltimore. *And why?* Because my expenses are not so *great.* JAS. N. BUTT.

Elizabeth City, N. C.

A LARGE STOCK OF NEW GOODS IN great variety at JAS. N. BUTT'S "City Drug Store."

FURNITURE!

FURNITURE!!

Ho ye that need anything in the line of

FURNITURE

GO TO THE

FURNITURE STORE

ON

WATER STREET,

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

AND MAKE YOUR SELECTION

P. W. MELICK.

Nov. 6th 1872.—tf.

MISCELLANEOUS

For over FORTY YEARS this PURELY VEGETABLE

LIVER MEDICINE has proved to be the GREAT UNFAILING SPECIFIC

for LIVER COMPLAINT and its painful offspring, DYSPEPSIA, CONSTIPATION, Jaundice, Bilious attacks, SICK HEADACHE, Colic, Depression of Spirits, SOUR STOMACH, Heartburn, CHILLS AND FEVER, &c., &c.

After years of careful experiments, to meet a great and urgent demand, we now produce from our original *Genuine Powders*

THE PREPARED.

a liquid from of SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR, containing all its wonderful and valuable properties, and offer it in

ONE DOLLAR BOTTLES.

The Powders, (price as before,) $1.00 per package.

Sent by mail..... .....1.04

☞ CAUTION! ☜

Buy no Powders or PREPARED SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR unless in our engraved wrapper, with Trade mark, Stamp and Signature unbroken. None other is genuine.

J. H. ZEILIN & CO.,

MACON, GA., and PHILADELPHIA.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

PHOTOGRAPH GALLERY.—

Having purchased Winner's Gallery I take this method of announcing to my friends and the public that I will continue the business in all its departments. Having had over a dozen years experience I flatter myself to be able to give full satisfaction. My instruments and material are all of the very best. My sky light is of the latest improved, enabling me to take pictures in cloudy weather as well as clear. All work guaranteed or the picture taken over or the money refunded.

WM. C. DAWSON.

E. City, May 11, 1871.—tf.

NOTICE!

DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, SHOES, HATS, NOTIONS, GROCERIES, HARDWARE, PATENT MEDICINES, CROCKERY AND TINWARE!

CHEAP FOR CASH AT

O. C. HORTON & CO'S.,

S. E. Corner Road and Lawrence Streets.

19-1y. ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

W. T. JORDAN,

Dealer In

PURE WINES, LIQUORS, GROCERIES, &c.

LAGER BEER,

Only 5 cts. per glass.

☞ Fresh LAGER on hand all the time. ☜

ROAD ST., 2 DOORS NORTH OF MAIN,

41-6m. Elizabeth City, N. C.

THE RED FLAG.

Ah! what does that Red Flag mean on Water Street? It means that is the place to get all your old tin ware repaired, such as, coffee pots, tea pots, oil cans, etc., etc.

Tin Ware Wholesale and Retail.

N. B. Old Stoves Repeired.

H. O. HILL.

E. City, N. C., March 14th, 1872. 38-tf.

BANKING HOUSES.

NORTH CAROLINA MANUFACTURING, LOAN AND TRUST COMPANY.

Incorporated by the N. C. Legislature, with Liberal Banking Privileges.

Office: Elizabeth City, N. C.

THORNTON CONROW President, R. F. OVERMAN, Cashier.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

THORNTON CONROW, D. G. BUSH,
PALEMON JOHN, W. F. MARTIN,
D. C. LIPPINCOTT, C. W. HOLLOWELL.

Deals in Exchange, Sight Drafts, Gold and Silver Coin, Government and other Securities, etc.

Regular meetings of Directors the last Thursday in each month,

June 11th, 1873—tf.

GUIRKIN & CO.

BANKERS

CORE'S BRICK BUILDING, ROAD ST,

Elizabeth City, N. C.

Do a general Banking business,

Buy and Sell, Gold and Silver, Domestic and Foreign Exchange,

Deal in State, County and Corporation Bonds and Stocks.

☞ *Interest allowed on Deposits.* 28-tf.

LIVERY STABLES.

JONE'S LIVERY STABLES

At Elizabeth City, N. C.

I would announce to my friends and the public that I am still at the old place on Main street, a few doors west of Road, and keep horses, buggies, carriages, &c., for hire. Persons promptly accommodated at all times and on reasonable terms.

ARTHUR L. JONES.

Mar. 17, 1870.-38—1y.

LIVERY STABLES

AT ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

The subscriber takes this method of informing his old friends and the public generally that he is still at the "old stand" and continue to keep horses, buggies, carriages &c., for hire, persons accommodated at all times and on reasonable terms. Remember the place—on Road treet near the canal bridge.

C. B. BROTHERS

Selected Story.

Aunt Kizzy and her Fairies.

BY MRS A. W. CURTIS.

"Aunt Kizzy's coming! Aunt Kizzy's coming!" shouted a score of girls and boys just emerging from the door of the little brown school-house on "Pleasant Hill." They all ran to meet the queen little old lady and the boys shook hands with her, while the girls hugged and kissed her as if she was the dearest friend they had in the world.

"Well, I declare! I do believe you've kissed all my breath away!" she exclaimed, seating herself on a mossy log under the old pines that shaded the school-house. "And how are you getting along in school dears?"

"Oh, finely, auntie. Do come in sometime and hear us spell and parse, and see how well we behave."

"Ah, you rogues, you behaved badly enough when I visited you last."

"Well, you know, we had such a horrid teacher then we couldn't help being ugly."

"I'm glad indeed if you are doing better now. What do you suppose I climed this steep hill for this sultry afternoon, instead of sitting quietly in my cool poarch, as a woman of my age ought to?"

"For something good, I'll warrant," said Joe Allen.

"Well, I'll tell you, dears. I went to sit a while with Grandma and Grandpa Brown this afternoon, and, oh, it was just dreadful there! We have all got our spring cleaning out of the way long ago, and our homes, inside and out, all sweet and clean. But you know Grandma Brown has the rheumatism in her hands and arms, so she can hardly use them. They are too poor to hire any help, and haven't a child or a chick in the world to look after their comfort. You cannot imagine how uncomfortably dirty that house is, and as I sat there an idea came into my mind, and I've come up here on purpose to tell you about it. Suppose next Saturday morning early some good friend should carry the old folks off for a good long visit, and you girls and boys just take that poor old house in hand and give it such a cleaning up as it never had before? What do you think of the idea?"

"It's capital!" "May we?" "Will you boss the job?" "Oh, you dear, blessed old auntie, you are always thinking up something nice!" The girls fell upon her afresh with various hugs and kisses, while the boys, big as they were, turned somersaults, and stood on their heads until their faces were as red as a beet.

"Oh, you crazy children! do be quiet!" said Aunt Kizzy, with a ripple of musical laughter that set the robins overhead wild with envy.

"Of course I'll help. What would such a parcel of madcaps do without somebody to keep you straight? But now listen. It'll be anything but fun cleaning up that filthy old house, only as you do it for Christ's sake and to make the poor souls happy and comfortable for the summer. If you agree to try it, I want to tell you now what must be done."

"Go on; go on, auntie!"

"Well, who will agree to bring a pail of nice whitewash and a brush, and be responsible for that portion of the work?"

"I will," said Joe Allen. "I can do it first rate."

"All right, sir."

"Now if we *could* manage to raise about a dollar and a half, we could repair that dingy little sittingroom."

"We can! we can! I'll give a quarter," "and I," "and I."

Well, that's settled. I'll find out on the sligh just how much it will take, and have it all ready to whip on in no time. There will be a large washing to do, for we shall find plenty of soiled bedclothes and garments about the house. I think we had better hire the Widow Mahone to do that, if we can manage to raise six shillings more."

"Mother'll give me six shillings if I ask her for it," said Mamie St. Clair.

"But then it won't be all *our* work. Couldn't you each contrive to earn a little money doing some extra jobs between now and Saturday?"

"I can," "Yes," "Of course," was the general reply.

"Then we can manage the washing finely."

"I say, auntie, couldn't we boys paint the old black shell for a house on the outside? We've got a lot of it left that father would let me have, I am sure."

"And we've got some too," said another; "of course we can paint the house. I know how, for I tried it on the barn this spring."

Aunt Kizzy got up and shook hands with both of the boys, her wrinkled old face fairly shining with delight.

"Now that will be *grand!* The dear souls won't know the old place when they get back to it. I didn't dare think of that; but do try it by all means. Now, girls, you must be on hand bright and early, with a pail, soap, scrubbing-brushes and clean cloths. If any of you have a pretty tidy, or any little ornament that you can spare, bring it along to brighten up the house a bit."

"I know what I'll bring auntie: some white curtains for the sittingroom windows, to put in place of those torn paper shades that have hung there ever since I can remember."

"That will be very nice. I'm going to stuff and cover the two old rocking-chairs, so they will be more comfortable, with a hassock for each to rest their tired feet."

"Oh, auntie! you always think of everything."

"Well, dear, by the time you are as old as I, you'll have a pretty good thinking cap of your own to wear. Don't forget to bring a lunch for you won't find much in grandma's cupboard to eat, I assure you."

Then Aunt Kizzy started homeward, accompanied by the children, who talked and laughed over their own nonsense, until they left the dear old lady at the door of her cottage, each promising to be on hand the next Saturday morning as soon as the old folks were gone.

Keziah Thompson was an old maid—one of those dear, blessed old maids that make sunshine and joy for every living creature they meet. She was the one to whom tired mothers went for help and comfort in time of need; who was an angle of mercy by the bedside of the sick and dying; who hushed the wailing cry of new born babes, and closed their eyes in the hour of death. There was not a man, woman or child in the village but loved and respected her next to the minister. No sooner was one little kindness planned and carried out, before the busy woman was on the alert for something else to do. And the best part of it was, she managed to interest others so much in these things that they always had the comfort of thinking they had done it all, which suited her exactly.

Friday afternoon farmer Jones called on Grandpa and Grandma Brown and told them he was coming for them bright and early the next morning to take them out to his house for a good long visit. It pleased them greatly. They assured him they would be ready in good time.

Never was there a brighter morning than dawned on that eventful day. The young people were up betimes, with everything ready, so they could start as soon as farmer Jones drove away from the door of the little old house. At last the moment came, and they soon gathered there with their pales of paste, paint, whitewash, soap, and sand. Farmer Jones, who was in the secret, hurried the old people off, so they forgot to lock the doors (but it is very doubtful whether they ever did such a thing), so there was nothing to hinder them from taking possession, and they commenced work at once. A huge fire was built in the rusty stove, the boiler and kettles of water put over to heat, while two or three other boys proceeded to take up the rag carpet and clear the sitting-room of what few articles of furniture it contained. After a thorough sweeping and dusting Joe Allen whitewashed the black, smoky ceiling over and over again, until at last it was pronounced really *white.* Then the girls stripped off the remains of soiled, torn hangings from the walls, while auntie measured, cut, and fitted the pretty new paper she had brought. The room was wainscoted, so it was not a hard task, and before noon it was finished, and the woodwork, windows, and floor nicely cleaned, Auntie's eyes were everywhere, even while she was about this work, guiding, directing, an controlling the score of busy boys and girls. With the help of a good washing machine and a stout boy to turn it, the widow Mahone had made good progress with the washing. There was scarcely a thing in the house, from the best blue and white bed spread down to the dish cloth, but was put through that washing machine, and tub, and speedily transferred to the lines to dry. Two of the boys were on the outside of the house, nailing on the loose clapboards and shingles, and transforming its weather beaten sides by a coat of light brown paint, with a darker shade of color upon the cornice and casings, which approved its appearance wonderfully. By noon they were all very willing to rest awhile, and refresh themselves with the contents of their lunch baskets and a generous supply of lemonade which the boys had provided for the occasion.

Then giving orders to remember exactly where everything in the bed room and pantry was kept, so that each article might be left as they had found it, they proceeded with the work, It wasn't a pleasant task. I doubt whether they could have persevered to the end without Aunt Kezzy's encouraging words and smiles. But she kept them all so happy with her funny little stories and droll remarks, and pictured so vividly the surprise and delight of the old couple when they returned from their visit, they took heart and went into the thickest of the fight bravely. The old rag carpet was thoroughly whipped, mended, and nailed down again in its place. Then followed the pleasantest part of the work. Aunt Kezzy stuffed the old wooden rocking-chairs, and covered them with a crimson merino dress skirt, while the girls put up the white muslin curtains, and tied them back with bright ribbons, and arranged the scanty furniture to the best possible advantage. Each one had brought something—a little home made basket, or a picture framed with moss or cones—and it was delightful to see how pretty the room was when at last everything was done. The crimson chairs, with their white tidies in their accustomed places, pictures and brackets upon the neat wall, and a vase of fresh flowers on the little old-fashioned stand. They called all the others in to enjoy it with them, then proceeded with fresh courage to the unpleasant things which still remained to be done. The widow had finished her washing, and was ironing and sunning the clothes as fast as they dried. The dishes were all washed, and put back on the clean shelves covered with the neatly bordered papers The poor old feather bed received a terrible shaking, and sunned itself for hours on a pile of brush in the back yard, The straw was emptied out, the tick washed and dried and filled with fresh straw again. Aunt Kezzy took the beadstead in charge, peering carefully at every crack and crevice, scalding and scouring and salting it, until she was satisfied that from henceforth the poor old souls would be able to sleep in peace. At last the bedroom and kitchen were as sweet and pure as whitewash, soap and water could make them, and the tired but happy boys and girls prepared to return to their homes. Auntie praised them all, and said a few words about the blessedness of administering to the poorest, lowliest ones of earth, as our Saviour did, which sank deep into their young hearts.

"Grandpa and Grandma Brown will not be here until after dinner Monday, so I will come over and put the finishing touch to the work, and be here to receive them. I think the dear old folks will want to see you; and suppose you all come here after school for a sort of picnic in the grove back of the house? Bring your provisions, a plate, cup and spoon with you, and we will have a nice time of it. What do you say?"

"We say it'll be *real fun!* and you are the dearest, best auntie in the world!" With pleasant "good-nights," the party separated and went their several ways.

Aunt Kezzy was in the bright little kitchen when Farmer Jones drove up to the door with Grandpa and Grandma Brown. They looked at the newly-painted house with a bewildered air, and never stirred from their seats.

"Well," said the farmer, "here we are; shall I help you out?"

"But this can't be our old house—something's wrong about it someway, but I can't just think what it is," said the old man.

"Well, I guess it'll be all right inside; you'd better go in and see."

Trembling with surprise and wonder, the old couple went slowly up the clean-swept path, and were met at the door by Aunt Kezzy's sunny face.

"Oh! I know now! it's some of *your* work!"

"No, indeed, grandpa! do you suppose an old woman like me could paint up your house like this? But come in come in and sit down."

Aunt Kezzy led them into the cozy sitting-room and seated them in their cushioned chars.

"Now, Keziah Thompson, who's done all this?" said grandma, pointing her trembling finger to the newly-papered walls, the muslin curtains, and the trifles that adorned the room, then feeling carefully the cushioned arm of the chair in which she was sitting.

"A whole parcel of fairies, grandma, real fairies! They are all coming to see you this afternoon."

Tears slowly gathered in her faded eyes and rolled down the furrows in her cheeks.

"Well, I'm all beat out! I can't think what it means," said grandpa. "I don't believe it is our house, after all: it's some mistake."

"No, indeed! it's all right, I assure you," said auntie. "Just rest a bit, then look about you and see."

They couldn't wait to rest. Excited and curious as children, they got up and went out into the kitchen, looked at the shining stove, the old clock in the corner, the neatly-scoured table and floor, the the pure white walls, and the blue and white dishes in their accustomed place.

It was a treat to Aunt Kezzy and Farmer Jones, who stood in the doorway, blowing his nose vigorously, and furtively wiping his eyes upon an enormous red handkerchief, to hear their exclamations of astouishment as, hand in hand, they peered cautiously into the little bedroom. The same blue and white spread was on the bed, the same little clawfooted stand by its head, with the "camphire" bottle, box of matches, grandpa's spectacle-case, and grandma's knitting-work and old cap on it, just as they had left them. They went back to the sitting-room, took one long look at the pretty chairs, and then sat down.

"Well, wife, it's *nice* ain't it, whoever's done it?" And the old man's face worked strangely, while his wife looked beseechingly at Aunt Kezzy, and said:

"Do tell us what it means."

"I will tell you dear old souls. You see we all know grandma has the rheumatism so badly she cannot do much, and we know you have no children to look after your comfort, so some dear fairies, with stout hearts and willing hands, came here while you were gone and fixed up the old house as nice as they could. They are coming soon to see how you like it."

"Bless 'em! I hope they will," said grandpa; "but I guess Aunt Keziah had a hand in it."

"Of course I did! I always manage to have a hand in anything like this if I can, but I did very little of the work, I assure you. Now, you just lie down and have a good rest before the fairies come." She coaxed the old folks into their little bedroom, turned down the blue and white spread, pulled off grandpa's boots, and tucked them in like the two dear old children they were. Closing the door, she slipped down to the grove where Simon Martin had put up a long table under the trees. She spread them neatly with table-cloths, then hurried back to the gate just in time to send the young folks softly around the house. Very soon the contents of their baskets were tranferred to the table, and then auntie set them to work making wreaths and mats of oak leaves and bouquets of wild flowers with which to adorn it, while she made the tea in the house. They placed two chairs at the head of the table for grandpa and grandma, and another at the foot of Aunt Kezzy. When all was ready auntie woke up the old couple, who were having a fine nap, helped grandpa on with his boots, wrapped a light shawl around grandma, and invited them to walk out to the grove How their dim old eyes brightened up when they saw the pretty girls in their white dresses and wreaths, and the fine-looking, sturdy boys, with flowers in their button-holes! They shook hands with every one, then gathered about the table. Every fair young head was bowed while grandpa, with his trembling voice, called down a blessing upon the dear hearts who had remembered the old folks so kindly. What a delightful time they did have, to be sure! Grandma made them tell her all about the work, how they had contrived to brighten up the old place so. Grandpa praised them, and finally got up and made a speech, wherein he expressed their united thanks to each and every one, and wound up by saying, "And now, three cheers for Aunt Kezzy and her fairies!" The boys made the old woods ring with their loud hurrahs, and the girls screamed with laughter to see the old man swing his hat and hurrah as loud as he could with his weak, trembling voice.

"*Why, grandpa!* you're making an old fool of yourself," said grandma, wiping her eyes, and laughing as she hadn't befor for years.

"So I be, wife, so I be; but never mind. It makes me feel like a boy again to get with such a parcel of young folks."

Such a jolly time as they had! Finally, the falling dew warned them it was quite time for the old folks to be in the house; so, after gathering up the fragments of the feast, they escorted them to the door of the house, where they all shook hands once more and received a parting blessing, after which they returned to their homes, well satisfied with the result of their Saturday's work.

Kate Stoddard, the murderess of Charles Goodrich, began her downward fall by answering a matrimonial advertisement of the sort inserted in newspapers by shallow-brained young adventurers

NORTH CAROLINIAN

EQUAL RIGHTS FOR ALL MEN.

PALEMON JOHN, ... Editor

Elizabeth City, N. C., Aug., 13, 1873.

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LIVE AND LET LIVE.

This old motto is one of great importance to the people of the entire country just now. No business can proceed upon any other principle. No merchant can handle goods without a living profit. No manufacturer can furnish articles which he manufactures at a less price than will pay him reasonable wages. No farmer can raise grain, vegetables, or stock, unless he receives for the same a price that will leave him something after he has paid the cost of producing it.

Now, then, all the above named occupations are indispensible to the growth of any community, and they should seek to further and encourage each other. Suppose that the population who make Elizabeth City their trading centre, should go elsewhere to buy their goods, and compel our drygoods merchants and grocers to shut up their stores and desert the city, what would a farm be worth anywhere within ten miles of here—may one mile? Therefore every farmer in Pasquotank County has an interest in the prosperity of every merchant, and of every mechanic, and every merchant and mechanic has an interest in the prosperity of every farmer. The interest ought to be felt, as it really is, to be reciprocal.

So far as danger to one branch of industry from monopoly on the part of another is concerned, it is sheer nonsense to talk about it. With the number engaged in each particular branch of business, competition will be seen to regulate prices, as every man will sell his wares, or produce, as the case may be, at as low a figure as he can and live by it, and to compel him to sell for less is simply to drive him from the marts of trade.

Taking this view of the case—which is certainly the correct one—all will see that encouraging home trade and industry by bestowing patronage upon those who are doing business in our midst, they are at the same time contributing to their own interest by giving life and activity to all branches of trade and industry, and thus each makes a market for the produce of the other.

Now we hold it to be the duty of all who have the prosperity of the community at heart, to frown down all attempts to antagonize the different interests that are seeking development in our midst. For a feeling of antagonism among the different kinds of business, all of which are essential to the growth and prosperity of community, is as fatal to that growth and advancement as are jealousy and bickering among different members of a family fatal to its peace and happiness.

A WORD ABOUT THE FARMERS MOVEMENT.

That the farmers cooperative movement is a good one there can be no doubt, but the men who join it should be careful and not let the demagogues lead them astray. They should see to it that their members are proportionately and properly represented in the law making and law enforcing powers of the government, but they should not jump to the conclusion that every interest in the country must in every case be made subordinate to theirs. They constitute the foundation of our said system, but there are other industries which are of great importance. Diversified production gives employment and brings happiness to the largest number. If all of us turned farmers we would have no purchasers for our crops, and we would have to consume them ourselves. With the laws of trade fully recognized, the farmers of some of the Western States raise more grain than they can find a profitable market for. They have been burning corn because it paid better to convert it into fuel than to exchange it for wood or coal. Had production not been so much in the same order the complaint would not have been so loud. If labor had been employed in different channels, the fruits would have been various, and as such would have satisfied a larger demand and given more general satisfaction. So long as the grain-growing districts continue so widely seperated the cause for complaint will continue. The middle men, or traders, who help the farmer to exchange his corn and wheat for the products of manufacture study the law of supply and demand, and will always take advantage of it whenever they can put a penny in their own pockets.

The Steamer "Wamassett," plying between the city of Washington and Cone River was burned while on her regular trip on Saturday last. She had over a hundred passengers on board, about fifty of whom perished. It was a terrible disaster. It occurred just before reaching Chatterdon's landing on the Virginia side of the Potomac River, five miles below Acquia Creek.

On Friday last the Ohio Democrats met and nominated a straight ticket. The candidates are expected to keep straight till after the election.

THE FEET.

There are no parts of the human body that need more assiduous attention than the feet. If the eyes, ears, lungs, or other more delicate organs become deranged, they give warning by ailment. It is otherwise with the feet. They may be neglected or even abused without any bad consequences being immediately felt, but then, though not immediately felt, they will to a certainty be eventually felt, and felt very sorely too. An excessive flow of blood to the head, extreme liability to cold, disordered digestion, and other numerous evils are the results of inattention of the feet. The feet should be regularly washed, and wiped every day. Stockings should not be put on while there is the slightest moisture on the feet, the stockings absorb the moisture, and gradually return it to the feet thereby causing them to feel cold and uncomfortable, and what is worse, when the feet are cold, circulation is interfered with, and the whole system, especially the brain is thrown into an abnormal state. Keep the feet clean and warm, the head cool, and the bowels open, and then it makes little difference to you, whether the physicians be skilful or not. If you wish to preserve your whole system in good working order, be sure and attend to your feet. Let all our readers profit by these remarks, and they will soon feel by experience, that we are not exaggerating the consequences of proper attention to the feet.

CLEAR THE TRACK

THE IRON HORSE IS COMING

Pasquotank, Perquimans and Chowan Counties in favor of the Rail Road.

THEY ALL VOTE FOR THE SUBSCRIPTION BY DECISIVE MAJORITIES

The contest on the railroad subscription question is over and the people of the counties of Perquimans, Pasquotank and Chowan have decided by large majorities that they are in favor of the proposed subscriptions. The majority in Pasquotank is 559; in Perquimans 337 and in Chowan a fair majority.

This result is entirely satisfactory. The people evince the right spirit and by this action show that they are willing to do their part to aid enterprize and co-operate with men of experience and skill in developing the resources of the country. It will do more. It will encourage the investment of capital among us that never could have been induced to locate in our midst had this measure been defeated. And this will benefit all classes. We feel more hopeful for the future now than ever before.

A NEW PUNISHMENT FOR DISHONESTY.

General KAWLEY, who, by the way, is inevitably one of our coming men, is President of the United States Centennial Commission. In a recent speech on the coming celebration he described the "Centennial Board of Finance" as being composed of men above even suspicion in their fidelity. He said:

Not a dollar of the million we need can be disbursed without their approval of the sum and the purpose. Perhaps I blush a little in feeling that it may not be out of place to give you these assurances of integrity. The management of even this national and patriotic enterprise cannot escape all errors of judgment. But if the people discover a corrupt breach of trust on the part of any person charged with this sacred duty, they shall only shoot him on the spot."

This is the watchword of the hour. The same penalty which a dozen years ago was to be visited on the men who should "haul down the flag" is advocated as the appropriate punishment to be meeted out to him who shall "misapply" money that does not belong to him. Says a cotemporary: "this is the new species of treason which we have to fight against." Long live the Republic!

"NEW DEPARTURES."

"New Departures" in politics are becoming a thing of frequent occurrence. About three years ago VALLANDINGHAM started his Departure from the Democratic party. He proposed to depart a considerable distance from the old ideas of which he himself had been one of the most prominent supporters; but his movement failed. It was in Ohio that the New Departure known as "Liberalism," had its origin, or, at least, it was there it assumed definite shape and culminated in GREELEY'S nomination. That too was a failure. Now, again, we have still *another* "New Departure" in the same State. We mean the one which is known there as the "third party" or "Allen County" movement. It recently held a Convention at Columbus, nominated a State ticket, threw defiance in the face of both the old parties, and was supported by a number of Democrats, Greeleyites and a few sore hard Republicans. Like its predecesors, it too will fail.

THE VOTE IN THIS COUNTY.

The anti-railroad subscription party made a vigorous fight in this county on the stump and off it. They were badly beaten. The people thought for themselves and voted accordingly. Notwithstanding the frantic appeals and vehement denunciations of the opposition they could only induce 365 to vote against the measure; and 142 of these were in Newland, the extreme upper end of the county. Salem, the lower township only gave 45 against it. Nixonton township gave but 20 in opposition. Three cheers for glorious old Nixonton! Mount Hermon did nobly, and our friends in Providence need not feel discourage at the result of their efforts. We know something of the opposition they had to meet. On the whole we feel that in veiw of the extraordinary efforts made against us in Pasquotank a majority of 559 ought to satisfy us. And it does.

Governor Woodson of Missouri, was recently arrested in Kansas for a violation of the game laws.—*Ex.*

He possibly thought that, being a Woodson, he could be as lawless as a son of the woods.

THE KU KLUX CASES.

Since the Ku Klux of the South seem to have disappeared, and nothing more is heard of their outrages, our Government has generously decided to suspend all prosecutions now pending against any of them, and also announces that such persons as may be hiding on account of their complicity with the Klan, may return without fear to their homes, except in the cases which are particularly aggravated. Many who are now in prison will be pardoned. Attorney-General Williams in authorizing this course, says however, that it must be strictly understood that the Government is not prompted by any doubt as to the necessity or varidity of the Ku Klux acts, or of the justice of the convictions already had under them to prevent and punish high crimes, but by the belief that the Klans have, through these convictions been almost if not altogether broken up, and that those who were concerned in or sympathized with them have come to see the folly, wickedness and danger of such organizations.

THE OFFICIAL VOTE ON PASQUOTANK.

The following is the official vote of this county on the Railroad and the Constitutal Amendments.

	For R. R.	Against R. R.	For Amendments.
Salem	169	45	51
Nixinton	98	12	7
Pools S. H.	172	8	11
Mt. Hermon	98	40	45
New Land	46	142	51
Providence	82	48	71
E. City	278	54	67
Cartlits S. H.	22	15	9
	923	364	312

THE VOTE IN PERQUIMANS COUNTY.

The vote on the railroad question in Perquimans county was as follows:

	For Subscription.	Against Subscription.
New Hope	191	78
Parksville	140	52
Belvidere	100	143
Hertford	151	28
Bethel	137	40
	724	386
	386	
Majority	337	

The Conservatives of Virginia have nominated Gen. JAMES L. KEMPER for Governor. It is the general opinion that HUGHES, the Republican candidate, will defeat him.

CORRESPONDENCE

From South Mills.

South Mills, }
July 9, 1873. }

To the Editor of the North Carolinian.

The election here on Thursday passed off quietly. The regular Republican ticket was elected as follows:

Magistrates J. W. Halstead, 251 votes, Nelson Proctor 226. *Clerk* W. R. McPherson 225. *Constable* S. D. Burnham 197. *School Committee* Wm. S. Jones 228, James Harvey 226 Wm. Sammons 224. A *mongrel* ticket was formed as follows: For *Magistrates* J. A. Spencer who got 102 votes; *Clerk* W. N. Sawyer 81 votes. *Constable* W. M. Spence 100 votes. *School Committee* A. P. Cherry 98 votes, J. Forebee 101 votes, John Jacobs 103.

Had the Commissioners not deprived us of the privilege of voting on the railroad we would have carried it by at least 150 majority. Your strictures last week were exactly to the point. Let us hear from you again on the subject.

Eli Perkins on Dancing.

If you see a two-hundred pound man and woman perspiring around with their pompous bodies tossed lightly and springily in the air, arms swaying, keeping good time, and making grand Persian salaams for a bow in the Lancers, you can set them down as belonging to the old Tweed-Fisk-Leland-Americus Club school.

If you see two heated young people tripping fast away ahead of the music, taking short steps, and jerking through a square dance as if the house was on fire and the set must be completed before any one could take to the fire-escapes, you can set them down as from the plantation districts of the South, or the rural districts of Pennsylvania and the West. It is the steamboat quick-step.

If you see a black-eyed youth with long hair and a young lady with liquid black eyes, and she has her two hanes on the young man's shoulders at full length, and stands directly in front of him, and they both go hopping around like Siamese twins with wire springs under them, you can wager they are from Louisville, Memphis, or Little Rock. They have the square-hould wrestling step.

If you see a young fellow grasp a young lady firmly around the waist, seize her wrists, stick her hand out like the bowsprit of a Sound yacht, and both hump up their back like a pair of mad cats on a door-yard fence, and then go sliding slam-bang against people, over people, through people, up and down the room, sidewise, backwards, and up and down like a saw-mill gate, you can, having learned their dancing, join the Morristown, Riverdale, and Yonkers sociables. It is the suburban New York sawmill jump-up.

If you see a couple gliding gently and slowly and lazily through the Lances, just half as fast as the time, but keeping step with the music, quietly sauntering through the "grand chain," too languid to whirl partners, talking sweetly all the time, as if they were strolling in a graveyard, you can rest assured that they are from New York, and from the most fashionable section between Madison square and the Park. This is the graveyard saunter step.

If you see a fellow clasp a girl meltingly in his arms, squeeze her hand wormily, hold her swelling bosom to his, and they both go floating down the room locked in each other's embrace, looking like one person, his feet only now and then protruding from a profesion of illusion and lace and so on, rely upon it, you can set the two down as belonging to the intense Boston circel. It is the melting Harvard jacket race embrace.

Massachusetts, take out hat!

First Bale of New Cotton.

SAVANNAH, August 9th.—The first bale of cotton of the new crop arrived to-day and was sold at auction to Randall, Doffin & Co., at twenty-seaven cents a pound.

The Portland (Me.) papers say that the fishing fleets are all doing very well, and in consequence there is an active demand for salt.

A Story for the Season.

It is a characteristic story that the *Tribune* tells depicting one phase of life at the fashionable hotel of the Summer resort. Briefly, Augustus was employed in a Broadway establishment which dealt in wearing apparel for men. The clerk, having saved something for his earnings, went to a Saratoga, Newport, or Long Branch hotel, no matter which, to spend his money and his holiday. He was well dressed, and on the piazza he one day formed the acquaintance of Marie, a young lady of beauty and arrayed in the highth of the mode. The impression was made on the mind of Agustus that Marie was wealthy and high born. He fell in love with her, but carefully concealed from her his occupation. He mysteriously talked of stocks, and made her believe that he was a man of large capital. After the holiday, Augustus returned to town and resumed his position behind the counter; and now we quote the words of the *Tribune*:

"It was a week or two after his return, and Augustus' soul was not yet in his vocation. Already the heavier woolens were coming in for the Fall trade, and Augustus smiled, albeit sardonically, at the change that overtakes all fashions and things, as he stood at his familiar counter. But an extra and peremptory order for custom-made shirts obliged him to visit one of the many seamstresses employed by the emporium. As Augustus turned down the narrow street of obscure unfashionable locality and rang the bell of a modest tenement house, his mind reverted to the past and he glanced nervously up and down the street, least Marie from a passing carriage should detect him with the ominous parcel under his arm. He was relieved when the opening door enabled him to enter. But as he did so the bundle slipped through his nerveless fingers. For there, seated at a sewing machine, with her pretty fingers on the plate, and her slim foot on the treadle, sat Mary Jones—the Marie of his dreams."

After listening to this little story the question naturally arises whether there is any genuine flow of the heart and soul at the fashionable Summer hotel. Excellent people of quiet tastes go there, we well know, but we also know that many sweep up and down the long piazzas, making themselves as conspicious as possible, who sham a great deal more than is good for their ease of conscience. The delusive dream, however, is of short duration. When the Autumn winds whistle through the great barnlike hotels at Saratoga, Long Branch and Newport, and the widows of the fashionable town mansions are unbarred, the majority of the pretenders quickly find their proper level.

Camp-Meeting.

This month of August is set apart by our Methodist brethren all over the country for their camp-meetings, the idea of which, we presume, was at first very much that of the Jewish feast held in tents at the ingathering of their harvests, a going back to Nature to thank Jehovah for the gifts of which He had made her the bearer. In the early settlement of the country, too, such stated convocations may have been useful or almost necessary in the sparsely populated neighborhoods. The thing remains now, like many other religious forms, while the idea of it is lost.

Camp meeting, nowadays, especially in the West and South, is looked forward to for months as a genial time of religious communion among long separated acquaintances and friends. The brethren prepare their best sermons, the young men and maidens tune their voices for the newest hymns, and the busy housekeepers lay in supplies of hams, chickens, and, above all, the ubiquitous inevitable pie. Naturally, too, a good deal of flirtation and lovemaking goes on, and is prepared for by anxious consultations over new bonnets and redingotes for months beforehand. The tender passion, like any other plant, grows best in stimulative soil. Young boys and girls who appeared commonplace enough to each other at home, are invested with a certain sort of enchantment by dint of living in tents, singing hymns together under the shadow of trees, or listening side by side to rapt exhortations in the solemn night in the forest lighted only by blazing torches. For our part we see nothing to condemn in even this result of such meetings. There is no shorter road for any man or woman to the love of God than through feeling a sincere unselfish love for an earthly creature. Why should not our young people best learn to know each other by singing together the praises of the God they profess to worship? Why, if there be such a thing as Christian communion, should not Christians meet as close to the reality of nature as they can, in genial hearty kindness and fellowship?

MURDER IN NEW JERSEY.—The body of a young woman named Dalia Corcoran was found in the Hudson River, near Yonkers, on Wednesday. The body had every appearance of having been outraged, and the victim then strangled to death and thrown into the river. It was at first hastily burried; but when Mr. Davis, by whom Delia Corcoran was employed as a cook, at Excelsior Grove, Hudson county, New Jersey, ascertained the facts, he suspected it was Delia, as she had been unaccountably missing since the Sunday previous. The body was disinterred and identified as that of Delia Corcoran. She was last seen with a number of colored men, who, it is charged, outraged and then murdered her. Warrants have been issued for their arrest.

DEATH IN THE PULPIT.—Rev. Charles Whitehead died at Amboy, N. J. last week, while administering the sacrament of the Lord's supper. The congregation had just sang the lines:

In my hand no price I bring,
Simply to thy cross I cling,

He commented on the line, and mentioned another favorite hymn, and Phoebe Cary's lines:

One lowly solemn thought
Come to me o'er and o'er:
I'm nearer my Father's house
Than ever I was before.

He paused at the last line, his hand uplifted fell to his side. He was brought to a seat and died without ever speaking more. He was a Presbyterian preacher, in his 73d year.

JUDGE BOND AT CAPE MAY.—Judge Bond, United States Circuit Judge for the Carolinas, Viaginia and Maryland, is at Congress Hall, Cape May. He states that the Lewis faction in Virginia has become unpopular by giving $45,000 worth of offices to that Senators relatives, thinks North Carolina destined to be the most prosperous Southern State, and believes that the Republicans will carry Maryland and send Creswell to the Senate.—*Cape May Cor. N. Y. Herald.*

A Danbury man's order for his wife's hat is a novelty in its way. She was sick and could not go for it, so he drove in himself. He told the milliner to put on a dollar's worth of parsley, fifty cents' worth o' string beans, ten cents' worth of cherries, a few green currants, a beet or two, a little cabbage and about three slices of turnips, or, if it was too early for turnips, make it two new potatoes instead.—*Banbury News.*

John Lothrop Motley, the American historical writer and formerly United States Minister to Vienna, has been stricken with apoplexy. The disease deprives him of the use of one side of his body.

HEAVY EXPLOSION.—The gas works at the Military Institute were almost destroyed on Wednesday morning last by an explosion that originated in a very singular manner. The day before the accident, the water in which the gas receiver rested was drawn off, and the "man-whole" opened in the crown to let the gas escape, preparatory to making some repairs. The gas, it seems, escaped very slowly, and the next morning the atmosphere in the immediate neighborhood was still charged with the combustible fluid. A colored laborer about the premises was passing the works at an early hour, and at a distance of about ten feet from the receiver struck a match to light his pipe, when the gas ignited, causing a tremenderous explosion, by which the gas meter and several tons of metal attached to it were thrown perpendicularly about fifty feet. The negro was knocked down and severely stunned. The metal was broken in pieces by the fall from the hight to which it was hurled. It is estimated that it will take ten or twelve hundred dollars to repair the damage.—*Lexington Gazette.*

Senator Morton has been engaged at Washington in preparing his report for the Senate Committee on privileges and elections upon the proposed election of the President and Vice-President of the United States by direct vote of the people, instead of by the intervention of electoral colleges.

He is represented as in favor of dividing the states into presidential districts of equal population and contiguous territory, and giving each district a single vote for President and Vice-President, a plan which he thinks would strike a blow at the tyranny of caucus party conventions.

The Senator will refer in his report to the debates in the convention of 1787, and show how the best minds in the body pointed out the dangers of the method adopted. He will refer to the cases of Jefferson, Burr, Adams and Jackson to illustrate the embarrassments and perils of the electoral college system. In short, he will advocate the district system as preferable to giving every voter in every state a direct and independent vote for president and vice-president. The Senator expects to carry his committee, and hopes to advance the measure considerably before Congress as early as next session.—*State Journal.*

COUNTERFEIT GOLD COIN.—The Secretary of the Treasury has issued a circular to the assistant treasurers of the United States notifying them "that there is in circulation a very dangerous counterfeit $5 gold coin of the issue of 1872, and its spurious character can only be ascertained by the closest scrutiny. You will be careful to examine all pieces of this date, as the coinage of that issue did not exceed $50,000. The government will take immediate steps to withdraw all of this issue from circulation. Competent detectives have been put on the case to give proper attention to the subject."

The counterfeit, which Secretary Richardson speaks of as dangerous contains pure gold to the value of $4.50. In Bulk it is similar to the genuine coins, having mixed with the gold some alloy which assayers have as yet failed to discover.

The Charlotte *Observer* learns that on Thursday last, before sun up, James Tarleton, who lives about four miles from town on Reedy's place, near Park's Pond, was getting corn from the crib, when he was bitten on the left hand between the first and second fingers by a reptile which, upon removing a portion of the corn from the crib, was found to be a copperhead snake. Shortly afterward he was seized with spasms which continued at intervals, up to Sunday evening, the time of our last advices. It was feared then that the case would prove fatal, notwithstanding the best known remedies were being administered.

Henry E. Colton, the Agricultural Editor of the New York *Times*, and formerly a resident of this city, was seriously injured a few days ago by a railroad accident near White Sulphur Springs. Mr. Colton was at one time Editor of the Asheville *Spectator*, at another, Clerk of House of Commons and reporter for the old Raleigh *Register*, and afterwards editor of one of the Fayetteville papers.—*Raleigh News.*

A horrible case of child torture is reported from Linn, Iowa. An orphan boy of twelve years has been cruilly beaten and ill treated by the farmer who employed him. He was suspended in a well until he was nearly drowned, and was then left tied in a remote part of the house to starve. His persecutor has been arrested and held for trial.

The horse-chesnut is now used in France for the manufacture of starch. The nut yields about 17 per cent. of pure starch. Washing it with water containing carbonate of soda is said to remove the bitterness.

It has been discovered why the Ephesian dome was fired. The youth who did it was not ambitious, but was agent for a patent fire extinguisher.

A piano-forte maker says that, of all manufactured things, pianos bear the noblest character, since they are classified as grand, square and upright.

A man who came home from a Saratoga ball in a crowded coach declared that he had no objection to rings on his fingers, but he had a decided objection to "belles on his toes."

Mr. Garnett Walker, a good citizen of Rockingham, the other day fell under a loaded wagon and was crushed to death.

The Virginia papers are insisting on the passage of a law protecting mocking birds.

That Favorite Home Remedy,

PAIN-KILLER.

Has been before the public over THIRTY YEARS, and probably has a wider and better reputation than any other proprietary medicine of the present day. At this period there are but few unacquainted with the merits of PAIN-KILLER; but, while some extol it as a liniament, they know but little of its power in easing pain when taken internally; while others use it internally with great success, but are equally ignorant of its healing virtues when applied externally. We therefore wish to say to all, that it is equally successful, whether used internally or externally.

It is sufficient evidence of its virtues as a standard medicine to know that it is now used in all parts of the world, and that its sale is constantly increasing. No curative agent has had such a wide spread sale or given such universal satisfaction.

DAVIS' PAIN-KILLER is a purely vegetable compound, prepared from the best and purest materials, and with a care that insures the most perfect uniformity in the medicine; and while it is a most effective remedy for pain, it is a perfectly safe medicine, even in the most unskilful hands.

After over thirty years trial, it is still receiving the most unqualified testimonials to its virtues, from persons of the highest character and responsibility. Eminent Physicians commend it as a most effectual preparation for the extinction of pain. It is not only the best remedy ever known for Bruises, Cuts, Burns, &c., but for Dysentery, or Cholera, or any sort of bowel complaint, it is a remedy unsurpassed for efficiency, and rapidity of action. In the great cities of India, and other hot climates, it has become the standard medicine for all such complaints, as well as for Dyspepsia, Liver Coplaints, and all other kindred disorders. For Coughs and Colds, Canker, Asthama, and Rheumatic difficulties, it has been proved by the most abundant and convincing testimony to be an invaluable medicine.

We would caution the public against all imitations of our preparation, either in name, or style of putting up.

July 30—1m.

Last Saturday evening, on the farm of Wm. Preston, at Butler, Pa., as three men were boring for oil, and while they were in the well, oil was struck. It scarcely reached the surface before it took fire, blazing up a hundred feet or more. The bodies of the men burned were not recovered until Monday.

A dreadful accident occurred last week on the North-Western Railway, near Wigan, to the Scotch tourist express train from London. Twelve persons were instantly killed, and thirty wounded. Among the killed is Sir John Anson. Many of the injured persons will die.

The prefect of Perugia has forbidden, on sanitary grounds, the projected processions and pilgrimages to Assisi and other localities in the province of Perugia. Forcible measures will be taken to send back the pilgrims if they start.

A Detroit hotel-keeper was so angry with a man who sent him a circular advertising a bed-bug exterminator that he knocked him down and bit off a portion of his ear.

The editor of the Kankakee *Gazette* thinks fishing, as a general rule, don't pay. "We stood it all day in the river last week," he says, "but caught nothing—until we got home."

We understand that Dr. W. A. B. Norcom, of Edenton, N. C., one of our most eminent practitioners of medicine, has been elected a corresponding member of the Gynæcological Society of Boston.

The cholera has taken a serious hold in Vienna. Last week thirty deaths a day were reported. The epidemic has spread to the troops in the suburbs.

Some fifty or sixty of the crew, of the United States Steamer Worcester have deserted the service since the arrival of the ship of Norfolk.

Milwaukee has over $30,000 invested in steam fishing "smacks." The average "haul" is about one half a ton of fish to each "smack."

George Francis Train is laid up at Hamburg, Germany, with a fever, contracted during his imprisonment in New York. His condition is said to be precarious.

The Boston *Post* calls for an early convention of the Democrats of that State.

Vice President Wilson thinks that Sheridan's chances to be the next President are good.

Illinois has the largest railway mail service of any State in the Union, being 5,526 miles.

Katie Bender, the worst of the Kansas murderers, has been arrested in Utah.

A genuine autograph of John Bunyan has been found in the fly leaf of an old book.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

A MOST BEAUTIFUL

CHROMO,

A Perfect Copy of an Original $400 *Painting by R. F. Reinhart, entitled*

"MISCHIEF BREWING,"

[Size 11 x 13, in 16 Colors.]

PRESENTED

To Every Subscriber to the American Agriculturist for 1873.

A Splendid Ornament for every Home.

The above most attractive gift is being supplied to subscribers as their names are received. It is printed in 16 colors, which give the shading of the original painting so perfectly that it is just as good for all practical purposes, and few persons can tell the copy from the original. Any and every subscriber for 1873, will be entitled to this picture, on remitting 25 cents to pay for mounting, packing, and postage. The pictuee will be delivered at the office, unmounted, free of charge, or if mounted; for 15 cents extra to go by mail, unmounted 10 cents must be sent to cover cost of packing and postage.

It will be mounted on heavy binder's board, and varnished, ready for use, even without any frame, or for putting into a frame, 15 cents extra—that is for 25 cents it will be Mounted, Varnished, Packed, and sent, Post-paid, to subscribers for 1873.

N. B.—The *American Agriculturist* Chromo will be delivered:

At the Office, Unmounted,	Free.
" " " Mounted,	15 cents Extra.
Sent by Mail, Unmounted,	10 cents Extra.
" " " Mounted,	25 cents Extra.

We advise all to have them mounted *before leaving the office*, as in the large quantities we put up, we are able to mount them for a quarter of the cost of doing it singly, and better than it can usually be done elsewhere.

ORANGE JUDD & CO., Publishers,
245 Broadway, New York.

NOTICE IN BANKRUPTCY.

District Court of the United States, } In Bankruptcy.
For the Albemarle District. }

In the matter of A. P. Hyman, a Bankrupt—*ss.*

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVE, That a petition has been filled in said court by A. P. Hyman of Halifax Co., and State of North Carolina, in said district, duly declared a bankrupt under the act of Congress of March 2d, 1867, for a discharge and certificate thereof from all his debts and other claims provable under said act, and that the 31st, day of July 1873, at 10 o'clock, A. M., at the office of T. W. Costen, Register in Bankruptcy, in Elizabeth City, N. C. is assigned for the hearing of the same, when and where all creditors, who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest may attend and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petitioner should not be granted; and that the second meeting will be held at the same time and place.

Dated at Elizabeth City, N. C. on the 7st day of July, a. d. 1873

3-3t. M. B. CULPEPPER, *Clerk.*

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE

Estate of O. F. Dickens.

The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of O. F. Dickens of Halifax County, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of the United States for the Albemarle District of North Carolina.

J. M. MULLEN, Assignee
3—4t. Halifax, N. C.

S KATHAIRON

Only 50 Cents per Bottle.

It promotes the GROWTH, PRESERVES the COLOR, and increases the Vigor and BEAUTY of the HAIR.

OVER THIRTY YEARS AGO LYON'S KATHAIRON FOR THE HAIR was first placed in the market by Professor E. Thomas Lyon, a graduate of Princeton College. The name is derived from the Greek, "KATHAIRO," signifying to *cleanse, purify, regenerate, or restore.* The favor it has received, and the popularity it has obtained, is unprecedented and incredible. It increases the GROWTH and BEAUTY of the HAIR. It is a delightful dressing. It eradicates Dandruff. It prevents the Hair from turning gray. It keeps the head cool, and gives the hair a rich, soft, glossy appearance. It is the SAME IN GRANITE AND QUALITY as it was over a QUARTER OF A CENTURY AGO, and is sold by all Druggists and Country Stores at only Fifty Cents per Bottle.

Woman's Glory is Her Hair.
LYON'S
KATHAIRON

WESLEYAN FEMALE COLLEGE,

MURFREESBORO, N. C.

REV. W. G. STARR, A. M., PRESIDENT, assisted by an able Faculty and a full corps of assistant teachers.

REV. E. A. GIBBS,

the Treasury of the College, will have entire supervision of the Domestic Department.

The fall Session begins September 22, 1873, and ends February 10, 1874

Location healthy, Buildings unsurpassed for convenience and comfort, Instruction thorough Board excellent.

TERMS PER SESSION (payable one-half in advance), TUITION:

Collegiate Dep't'mt, (including languages)	$25.
Academic Department	$20.
Music, with use of Instrument	$25.
Vocal Music	$5.
Drawing and Painting	$15.
Waxwork, Embroidery &c., each	$8.
BOARD, including all necessaries	$54.

For full particulars, address
REV. W. G. STARR,
7-3t. Murfresboro, N. C.

NOTICE IN BANKRUPTBY.

District Court of the United States } In Bankruptcy:
For the Albemarle District. }

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That on the 2d day of July, A. D. 1873, a warrant in Bankruptcy was issued out of the District Court of the United States for the Albemarle District of North Carolina, against the estate of T. W. Jordan, of Northampton Co., and State of N. Carolina, who has been adjudged a bankrupt by his own petition; that the payment of any debts; and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him or for his use; and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law, that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt to prove their debts and to choose one or more assignees of his state, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy to be holden at Elizabeth City, N. C., before T. W. Costen, Esq., Register in Bankruptcy, on the 31st day of July, A. D. 1873, at 10 o'clock A. M.

R. M. DOUGLAS, U. S. *Marshal*,
WM. GLOVER *Deputy* U. S. M. *as Messenger.*
3-3t.

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.

Estate of J. H. Wood.

The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of J. H. Wood of Northampton Co., N. C., who has been adjudged a Bankrupt upon his own Petition by the District Court of the United States for the Albemarle District of North Carolina.

W. H. HUGHES, Assignee,
3—4t. Jackson, N. C.

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.

Estate of D. S. Deloutch.

The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of D. S. Deloutch of Northampton Co., who has been adjudged a Bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of the United States for the Albemarle District of North Carolina.

W. H. HUGHES, Assignee,
3—4t. Jackson, N. C.

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.

Estate of J. B. Bell.

The undersigned hereby gives notice of his being chosen as Assignee of J. B. Bell of Halifax, N. C., who has been adjudged a Bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of the United States for the Albemarle District of North Carolina.

J. W. MULLEN, Assignee,
3—4t. Halifax, N. C.

FISHERIES FOR 1874.

The undersigned reduce rates for Sein Netting for 1374. Will be prepared to supply to any amont Netting for Seins, Spooner's Whale warp, Corks &c.

Can take orders for Shad Gill Nets, in no less quantities than 300 lbs, delivered in January next.

Address American Net and Twine Company, Boston, Mass.

Aug. 6th, 1873—4 m.

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.

Estate of M. L. Wood.

The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of M. L. Wood of Northampton Co., who has been adjudged a Bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of the United States for the Albemarle District of North Carolina.

D. C. WINSTON, Assignee,
3—4t. Winsor, N. C

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE

Estate of W. Neathersbee.

The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of Willis Neathersbee of Halifax County, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of the United States for the Albemarle District of North Carolina.

J. M. MULLEN, Assignee,
3-3t. Halifax, N. C.

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.

Estate of H. J. Hill.

The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of H. J. Hill of Northampton County, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of the United States for the Albemarle District of North Carolina.

W. H. HUGHES, Assignee.
3-3t. Jackson N. C.

NOTICE IN BANKRUPTCY.

District Court of the United States, } In Bankruptcy:
For the Albemarle District, }

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That on the 26th day of July A. D. 1873, warrant in Bankruptcy was issued out of the District Court of the United States for the Albemarle District of N. Carolina, against the estate of Q. T. Carter, of Carrinck Co., and State of N. Carolina, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts, and delivery of any or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law, that a meeting of the creditors of said bankrupt to prove their debts and to chose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy to be holden at Elizabeth City, N. C., before T. W. Costen, Esq., Register in Bankruptcy, on the 11th day of Sep., A. D. 1873, at 10 o'clock A. M.

R. M. DOUGLAS, U. S. *Marshal*,
WM. GLOVER *Deputy U. S. M. as Messenger*
7—3t.

S.I-1860-X

IS PURELY A VEGETABLE PREPARATION, compounded simply of WILD AMERICAN ROOTS, HERBS and FRUITS, combined with other properties, which in their native are cathartic, Aperient, Nutritious, Diuretic, Alterative and Anti-Bilious. The whole is preserved in a sufficient quantity of spirit from the SUGAR CANE to keep them in any climate, which makes the

PLANTATION BITTERS

one of the most desirable Tonics and Cathartics in the world. They are intended strictly as a

Temperance Bitters

only to be used as a medicine, and always according to directions.

They are the shortest cut to the cure of the feeble and debilitated. They act upon a diseased liver, and stimulate to such a degree that a healthy action is at once brought about. As a remedy to which Women are especially subject it is superseding every other stimulant. As a Spring and Summer Tonic they have no equal. They are a mild and gentle Purgative as well as Tonic. They Purify the Blood. They are a splendid Appetizer. They make the weak strong. They purify and invigorate. They cure Dyspepsia, Constipation, Piles, Fever and Ague. They act as a specific in all cases of [illegible] which undermine the bodily strength and destroy the animal spirits.

Depot, 53 P[illegible] New York.

NOTICE IN BANKRUPTCY.

District Court

ADVERTISEMENTS.

J. SALOMONSKY & CO.,

IN ROAD STREET, IN THE BARNEY TISDALE STORE,

ARE JUST OPENING A LARGE AND COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF HOSIERY AND WHITE GOODS, CLOTHING FOR MEN AND BOYS, TRUNKS,

Dress Goods, Dry Goods, Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes,

Fresh from the New York Markets, at prices lower than have been reached before in this Market.

All the New and Fashionable Goods constantly kept on Hand.

This Stock will be kept replenished from the best Markets in the Country. Clothing made to order and fit guaranteed. Call and see our goods.

ELIZABETH CITY, NORTH CAROLINA.

BUY YOUR

SPRING AND SUMMER

DRY GOODS

NOTIONS,

BOOTS,

SHOES,

CLOTHING,

CLOTHS,

CASSIMERES,

HATS, CAPS, CARPETS &C.

OF

FOWLER,

ON WATER STREET,

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

N. B. Clothing Made to Order.

MISCELLANEOUS.

MISCELLANEOUS.

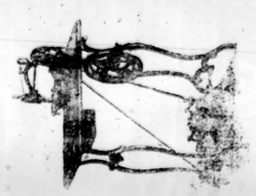
FOUTZ
CELEBRATED
Horse and Cattle Powders.

DAVID E. FOUTZ, Proprietor.
BALTIMORE, MD.

For sale by Druggists and Storekeepers throughout the United States and Canada.

For Sale by DR. D. T. KREPS & CO.
E. City, N. C., Oct. 5, 1872.

Home Shuttle Sewing Machine.



FRANK M. COOK,
WATCH MAKER & JEWELER.
AGENT FOR THE

FOR NAGS HEAD AND WASHINGTON, N. C.

Local and Personal.

DR. JOHN W. SOUTHALL, Esq., a prominent citizen of Plymouth died on the 31st ult. He was in his 77th year of age.

A Perquimans correspondent informs us that a large and successful Camp Meeting is in progress at Oak Grove.

At Pool's School House, the voting precinct of the Newbegun "settlement," the vote against the railroad was just eight! Nuf ced.

The Methodist Camp Meeting at Gumtain, Dare county, begins today. Extensive preparations have been made and a very large attendance is expected.

An excursion party from Elizabeth City went down on the Steamer "Harrington" to Nags Head on saturday and returned on Monday. They were accompanied by the Elizabeth City Cornet Band.

The night suppers gotten up at the old "Mansion House" at Nags Head, are highly spoken of. Captain DAVIS knows exactly how to cater to those who are fond of the luxuries in eating and drinking.

A citizen says in rather suspicious that some of the feline concerts referred to last week was broken up in a row at the whig Thomas at the other morning, with a shelled and bloody head.

In reply to "Young Reader" we would say that the Hessian fly is an imaginary Islands in the West, referred to in ancient poetry, whither the Gods were conveyed without dying. In Hindoo Mythology the Hessian fly is mentioned. Hindostan applies the name to an Oasis in the desert of Africa. Byron refers to them thus:

"Their place of birth alone is mute,
To sounds which echo further west
Than your sires' "Jackass rifle" blast."

NOTICE IN BANKRUPTCY.

District Court of the United States,
For the Albemarle District.

In the matter of W. E. Forelaw, Bankrupt.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That a warrant in Bankruptcy has been issued in said court by the District Court of the United States, for the District of North Carolina, against the estate of W. E. Forelaw, of Elizabeth City, in the county of Pasquotank, and State aforesaid, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at the office of the Register in Bankruptcy, in Elizabeth City, N. C., on the 25th day of June, A. D. 1873, at 10 o'clock A. M.

Dated at Elizabeth City, N. C., on the 25th day of June, A. D. 1873.

M. E. CULPEPPER, Clerk.

NOTICE IN BANKRUPTCY.

District Court of the United States,
For the Albemarle District.

In the matter of John H. Eason, a Bankrupt.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That on the fifteenth day of June, A. D. 1873, a warrant in Bankruptcy was issued out of the District Court of the United States for the District of North Carolina, against the estate of John H. Eason, of Hallsboro, in the county of Columbus, and State aforesaid, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition; that a meeting of the creditors of said bankrupt, to prove their debts and choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at the office of the Register, in Elizabeth City, N. C., on the 25th day of June, A. D. 1873, at 10 o'clock A. M.

M. E. CULPEPPER, Clerk.

NOTICE IN BANKRUPTCY.

District Court of the United States,
For the Albemarle District.

In the matter of W. E. Forelaw, Bankrupt.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That a warrant in Bankruptcy has been issued in said court by the District Court of the United States, for the District of North Carolina, against the estate of W. E. Forelaw, of Elizabeth City, in the county of Pasquotank, and State aforesaid, who has been adjudged a bankrupt under the act of Congress of March 2nd, 1867, and that the first meeting

The Way to Farm in Vermont.

The question now raised is, cannot the farmer in Vermont raise his own corn with more profit to himself than to buy the western corn? I think he can: and not long since I found a farmer in a neighboring town who agreed with me.

This farmer is now known in his vicinity as one who keeps a dairy, and raises his own bread stuffs and grain for feeding his stock on his own farm. Such a rare instance in these latter days in the state of Vermont is worthy of a little attention. So I thought as I was passing through his town not long since, and so I sent two miles out of my way for an interview. I found him at home, and after the customary salutations, and the purpose of my call was made known to him, substantially the following conversation was had between us:

"I have been informed that you raise your own wheat; is that so?"

"I do. I have kept house for nearly 30 years; a portion of the time have had a large family. Have always had plenty of good wheat flour, and never bought any but once."

About how much land have you usually sown to wheat? What has been your mode of preparation of lands for that crop and what the average yield?

"I sow every year from two to four acres—on an average about three acres.

My preparation has been simply to get the lands in good condition. My wheat crops have usually followed other crops corn, potatoes, or oats. Very seldom have sown wheat on grown sward—usually the second crop after breaking up but sometimes, though not often, the third. My average yield has been about 16 bushels to the acre; have sometimes raised 20 bushels, and in one or two instances 25 to the acre."

Do you raise other crops—corn, rye, oats, potatoes, &c., and to what extent.

"I have raised all I needed for my family use and to feed my stock, of corn, rye, oats, potatoes, and garden vegetables. Usually I have had from four to six acres of corn, one or two of rye, two or three of oats, and about two of potatoes. I do not raise grain to sell, occasionally spare a bushel to a neighbor, but always have, with the exception named, and intend in the future, to raise my own. What I sell from my farm are the products of my dairy. I keep 20 cows on average. I have 160 acres of land."

Your neighbor A. tells me it costs him more to raise grain on his farm than it does to buy it. What do you say to that?

"Farmers disagree as well as doctors it dont cost me anything to raise my grain.

Don't cost you anything—how is that? It requires work does it not?

"Certainly; and I should explain. I keep no more help than I should be obliged to if I did not plow a furrow or raise a kernal of grain. The same help I have kept would be indispensible to milk my cows, make my butter and cheese, carry it to market, do my haying, feed and care for my stock; yet with that same help, I can raise all the grain I need. Do you understand me?"

I think I do. Has your raising grain, in your judgement, worn your lands?

"I am glad you have asked me that question. My father owned this farm before me; I was born on it. From my first reccollection, and after, so long as he owned and managed it, he plowed the same pieces year after year; on this he planted corn, on that potatoes, and on another rye. Those pieces became known as the corn field, the potato field, and the rye field, and were so known in Winter as well as in Summer. In my own reccollection, I can count 20 consecutive years in which corn was raised on the same piece of ground. At the time the farm came under my control and management it was well worn and unproductive; some of it from plowing too much, more of it for the reason that it had not been plowed at all. I commenced with a system of rotation, if such you can call it, and have followed it up since. I break up a piece or pieces, of sward, thoroughly manure and work it, and with the second or third crop seed grass. Thus I have gone over my meadow lands and a portion of my pasture lands; each piece in its turn has been plowed up once in seven or eight years. Instead of diminishing, my grass crop has increased. As an experiment I have tried top-dressing on grass land, but with poor success. I believe that the only way to keep my lands in a productive state is this rotation. They should be thoroughly plowed, the deeper the better, and thoroughly manured, and not to exceed three crops taken before seeding to grass.

"I may not have convinced you that my raising grain has cost me nothing, but it most certainly pays to raise one's own grain, and I believe that successful farming in Vermont will soon be at an end unless the farmers go about raising their own grain."

Here then is wisdom of a sensible and practically successful Vermont farmer. To me there is force in his experience.—*Barnes Frisbie in Country Gentleman.*

A lady correspondent says if housewives wish their straw matting and oilcloth to keep new looking and bright, they must wash it twice during the Summer with salt and water, say about a pint of salt, dissolved in half a pailful of warm, soft water, drying the matting quickly with a soft cloth. The salt, she says, will prevent it from turning yellow. Far away, and from quite an opposite quarter, we hear another friendly voice begging us to say to our readers that after oilcloth is scrubbed and dried, it should be rubbed all over with a cloth dipped in milk. "You've no idea," says our friend, "how brightly the colors come out. Husband says its the albumen in the milk, but I think it is the very fine film of grease deposited. Meantime, our oilcloth shines the whole year through."

Gleanings.

The grasshoppers went through a portion of Minnesota cutting a swath 30 miles wide.

The best bearing orchards we have seen this year are surrounded on all sides by forest trees.

Good vinegar can be made from the juice of watermelons by letting it stand as if it were cider.

A new way to learn calves to drink is to nail the finger of an old glove in the bottom of a trough.

Three hundred soldiers in garrison, near Paris; are engaged in growing strawberries. They work six hours a day.

It is certainly good news if it is true—the best news of the season—that one peacock will clean an acre of potatoes of the potatoe bugs.

The wool crop of Iowa is much larger than ever before, for the farmers have discovered that sheep are much more profitable than grain or cattle.

Major Garton H. Wilder, one of the best and most prominent citizens of Wake county, died at his residence on Monday morning.

MISCELLANEOUS.

TO SPORTSMEN.—

The ubscriber would announce to his friends and the public that he continues at the old stand on Bond street and keeps on hand a good assortment of Guns, Rifles, Pistols Sporting apparatus and also a fine selection of cutlery. He may at all times be found either in his store prepared to accommodate customers with New Goods, or in his shop adjoining, willing and happy to repair any article in his line of business.

29—1y. GEO. W. BELL.

J. H. ZIEGLER

CABINETMAKER AND UNDERTAKER

Most respectfully informs his costogners, friends and the public generally that he has increased his facilities for carrying on the business of Cabinet Making and Undertaking. He is now prepared to furnish

METALLIC AND WOOD
COFFINS

of the latest improved kind and best quality *without the least notice*, and as cheap as they can be purchased in this or any other market.

His HEARSE will be ready at all times to serve his customers at any distance.

I undertaken to supply Counties can be furnished with Metallic Coffins as cheap as they can be bought at Norfolk or Baltimore.

His shop and Ware Rooms are on Ehringhaus Street, 3 doors West of Road.

Elizabeth City, N. C. 52 vol 4-1yr.

THE NAG'S HEAD HOTEL.

The Proprietors are happy to be able to announce that their

NEW HOTEL
AT NAGS HEAD, N. C.

will be finished and ready to open for guests and boarders by the 1st day of July. It is being comfortably arranged and will be the most pleasant and agreeable building at any of the Summer resorts or watering places on the entire coast.

The Table will be furnished with all the luxuries of the season.

The prices of Board will be as follows:

By the month, families furnishing their own rooms,	$30.00
By the month, with rooms furnished,	35.00
Board by the day,	2.00

Servants and children half price.

The Bar will be stocked with the choicest Liquors and finest Cigars.

A good and commodius wharf out to where steamers can reach is being built and will be completed by the 1st of July. The steamer "Harbinger" is being fitted up for the season.

L. CLARK PERRY,
JOHN L. WOOD.
Proprietors.

29-6m

VIRIONS

That Pale, Yellow, Sickly-Looking ... is changed to one of freshness and beauty. Those Diseases of the Skin, Pimples, Pustules, Blotches and Eruptions are removed. Scrofula, Scrofulous Diseases of the Eyes, White Swelling, Ulcers, Old Sores or any kind of Humor rapidly dwindle and disappear under its influence. In fact it will do you more good, and cure you more speedily than any and all other preparations combined. What is it? It is an active compound of Arsenic and Iron combined with the medicinal properties of Poke Root divested of all disagreeable qualities. It will cure any Chronic or Long-Standing Disease whose real or direct cause is bad blood. Rheumatism, Pains in Limbs or Bones, Constitutions broken down by Mercurial or other poisons are all cured by it. For Syphilis, or Syphilitic taint, there is nothing equal to it. Try and will prove it. ASK FOR ... CROOK'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF POKE ROOT.

DR. CROOK'S WINE OF TAR!

Ten Years of a public test has proved Dr. Crook's Wine of Tar to have more merit than any similar preparation ever offered to the public. It is rich in the medicinal qualities of Tar, and unequaled for diseases of the Throat & Lungs, performing the most remarkable cures. It effectually cures all Coughs and Colds. It has cured so many cases of Asthma and Bronchitis, that it has been pronounced a specific for these complaints. For Pains in the Breast, Side or Back, Gravel or Kidney disease, diseases of the Urinary Organs, Jaundice, or any Liver Complaint it has no equal.

It is Also a superior Tonic,
Restores the Appetite,
Strengthens the System,
Restores the Weak and Debilitated,
Causes the Food to Digest,
Removes Dyspepsia and Indigestion,
Prevents Malarious Fevers,
Gives tone to your System.

MANHOOD: HOW LOST HOW RESTORED

Just published, a new edition of Dr. Culverwell's Celebrated Essay on the *radical cure* (without medicine) of Spermatorrhœa or Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Seminal Losses, Impotency, Mental and Physical incapacity, Impediments to Marriage, etc; also, Consumption, Epilepsy and Fits, induced by self indulgence or sexual extravagance.

☞ Price, in a sealed envelope, only 6 cent. The celebrated author, in this admirable essay, clearly demonstrates from a thirty years' successful practice, that the alarming consequences of self-abuse may be radically cured without the dangerous use of internal medicine or the application of the knife; pointing out a mode of cure at once simple, certain, and effectual, by means of which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately, and *radically*. ☞ This Lecture should be in the hands of every youth and every man in the land.

Sent, under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, *postpaid*, on receipt of six cents, or two post stamps.

Also, Dr. Culverwell's "Marriage Guide," price 50 cent.

Address the Publishers,

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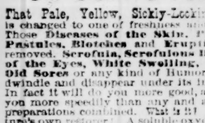
30—1y.

D. S. S. T. CO.,



SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

STEAMER HARBINGER.

The Steamer HARBINGER now undergoing substantial repairs and alterations that will make her as comfortable and pleasant as any Steamer plying the Albemarle Waters will resume her former route, and also run to Nag's Head on, or about the 1st of July.

SCHEDULE.

Leaves Nag's Head, every Monday, seven o'clock, A. M. for E. City.
" E. City, every Tuesday, 3 o'clock, a. m., for Columbia and Spr. Bridge.
" Sprnill's Bridge, every Wednesday, a. m., for E. City.
" E. City, every Thursday, 5 o'clock, a. m., for Nag's Head, Hertford and Stony Landing.
" Stony Landing, every Friday, 5 o'clock, a. m., Hertford, 6 o'clock, a. m., for Nag's Head and Elizabeth City.
" Elizabeth City, every Saturday, 9 a. m., for Nag's Head.

FARE.

Passengers to N. Head from E. City,		$1.50
Children,	" "	.75
2d Class, Fare	" "	1.00
Horses,	" "	2.00
4 Wheel Vehicles	" "	2.00
2	" "	1.00

Every Saturday from Elizabeth City to Nag's Head and return Monday Morning, Round trip. Hotel Bill included, $3.50.

Children,..... Half Price.

All Freight taken on reasonable terms.

Families or Excursion parties will be taken from any of the above places on reasonable terms on application to Capt. Sikes or to.

The Norfolk boats continue to run daily.

W. A. HARNEY,
52-tf. Agent at E. N. C. City.

GEO. D. POOL'S COLUMN.

DESCRIPTIVE CATALOGUE.

OF VALUABLE

NORTH CAROLINA LANDS,

FOR SALE BY

GEORGE D. POOL.

Real Estate Agent.

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

In presenting my list of lands and other properties for sale, I would say that no section of the United States offers such inducements for capitalists and emigrants, as this section of North Carolina. In longevity and healthfulness, it will compare favorably with any where: and in easy and cheap transportation of products to market, in pleasantness of climate, in the sociability of the people, in great fertility and durability of soil, no section can equal it.

A railroad will soon be built to Norfolk, putting this place in direct communication by Rail, with the whole United States. This, together with our great fishing, farming and manufacturing interests, and certain early completion of already projected works of improvement for putting in nearer, cheaper and easier communication with the Ocean, will render this one of the most important commercial, and manufacturing points on the Southern country.

A desirable house and lot in the town of Elizabeth City on the corner of two principal streets, the principal one, and situated in the best business locality in the town. The lot contains about two acres of land, and the buildings consist of a fair dwelling three stories high, containing eight rooms, all in good order, another two story building with four rooms and pantries, dairy, smokehouses, stables, &c. The dwelling has a good cellar under it. There is room on the front lot to erect two good stores, and they would occupy the best stand in the town for merchandize.

A farm of 700 acres in Pasquotank County 10 miles from town, with fine two story dwelling, large barn, kitchen and other outhouses; as also, two other dwellings, barns and other houses at different points on the farm. This farm is all cleared but 150 acres, is free from swamps and other waste land, and is well adapted to raising corn, wheat, cotton, oats, &c. The price is 14,000 in easy payments.

A farm of 500 acres in Pasquotank County, 6 miles from town, and one mile from the River, with good new dwelling built in modern style, barn, stables, four tenant houses scattered over the farm, fine water, &c. This farm is situated on the most public road in the County, has 300 acres cleared and balance in splendid pine, oak, cypress, maple, sweet gum, and other valuable timber. It is peculiarly adapted to raising cotton, $50 per acre, net, having been realized on a part of it this year in cotton. It also grows corn, wheat, oats, and other crops well. Price $12,000 in easy payments.

A valuable vacant lot in the town of E. City containing a half square, on the principal street in the town immediately opposite Court House quare. Has an iron fence in front, fine shrubbery, and is near the large new Hotel just erected. Price $2,000 in easy payments.

Also two fine farms in Pasquotauk county, 10 miles from E. City, within half mile of church, school house and post office. One tract contains about 400 acres, with fair buildings and mostly cleared, and the other contains 300 acres, with good two story dwelling, large barn, and other outhouses, both are offered at $20 per acre, one third cash, balance in one and two years.

Three farms—one of 100 acres, one of 80 acres and one of 190 acres, within two miles of town; mostly cleared land. Price $20 per acre for each tract—payments on easy terms. Also many other valuable farms and town lots too numerous to mention.

GEO. D. POOL,
Agent.

Elizbet City, N. C.

PLANING MILL

The subscriber has leased the large PLANING MILL of the Land & Lumber Company and is prepared to continue the business in all its departments on a much larger scale than heretofore.

He is prepared to furnish

FLOORING,
SIDING,
DOORS,
SASH,
WINDOW FRAMES,
BLINDS,
BRACKETS,
MOULDINGS,
AND FANCY AND ORNAMENTAL WOOD WORK OF ALL KINDS.

ORDERS SOLICITED AND PROMPTLY FILLED. Address

D. S. KRAMER

Elizabeth City, N. C. 8-tf

SEND YOUR JOB WORK TO THE
North Carolinian
OFFICE.

☞ We have the largest assortment of Job Type ever bought to this section, consequently we can do your job work in a style that cannot be surpassed in any city.

MISCELLANEOUS.

AGENTS WANTED FOR THE

GREAT INDUSTRIES

of the United States.

1300 pages and 500 engravings, printed in English and German. Written by 20 Eminent Authors, including John B. Gough, Hon. Leon Case, Edward Haviland, Rev. E. Edwin Hall, Philip Dripley, Albert Brisbane, Horace Greeley, F. B. Perkins, etc., etc.

This work is a complete history of all branches of industry, processes of manufacture, etc., in all ages. It is a complete encyclopedia of arts and manufactures, and is the most entertaining and valuable work of information on subjects of general interests ever offered to the public. It is adapted to the wants of the Merchant, Manufacturer, Mechanic, Farmer, Student and Inventer, and sells to both old and young of all classes. The book is sold by agents, who are making large sales in all parts of the country. It is offered at the low price of $3,50, and is the cheapest book ever sold by subscription. No family should be without a copy. We want Agents in every town in the United States, and no agent can fail to do well with this book. Our terms are liberal. We give our agents the exclusive right of territory. One of our agents sold 138 copies in eight days, another sold 363 in two weeks. Our agent in Hartford sold 397 in one week. Specimens of the work sent to agents on receipt of stamp. For circulars and terms to agents address the publishers.

KNOTS UNTIED,

Or, Ways and By-Ways in the Hidden Life of

AMERICAN DETECTIVES,

We want agents for this book. It discloses all the mysteries of the Detective System. It is a record for the past 20 years of the most skillful detectives of this country, in which the crafts of Bank Robbers, Thieves Pickpockets, Lottery Men, Counterfeit Money Dealers, and swindlers of all classes, are exposed and brought to justice. Price, $2,75. Send for circulars and terms to agents.

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14—1y.

ALBEMARLE HOUSE

OF

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

AT

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

JUST OPENED!

BUILT IN 1872

With all the Modern Improvements and Facilities for Comfort and Convenience.

Accomodations adequate for 200 guests.

Particular attention shown to people desirous of spending the winter in the South.

Board $2.00 Per Day.

SPECIAL ATTENTION SHOWN TO VISITORS AND TRAVELERS.

W. H. SMITH,
Proprietor.

Jan. 1st, 1873.

WILSON'S
LIVER REMEDY.

A sure and permanent Cure for all diseases caused by a deranged Liver, such as Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Heartburn, Fevers, Nervousness, Impurity of the Blood, Melancholy, Costiveness, Sick Headache, Pains in the Head, and all kindred diseases

EVERY FAMILY SHOULD HAVE IT.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Prepared only by
WILSON & BLACK,
Charlotte, N. C.
40—6m Nuttall)

THAT sparkling and delicious drink, Soda Water is now in operation at Jas. N. Butt's City "Drug Store." Who will doubt that it is a palatable drink? Who says it is not a splendid drink? Who says it is not healthful? Who says it is not better than whiskey? Answer No one says it will do you harm, but all says "it is splended, give me some more, drinks again and says it certainly is nice, give me a dollars worth of tickets. Who says it ish so nish; it ish better ash Larger. It is one of our German friends who knows what a good thing is.

DR. JAS. N. BUTT offers now for sale in quantity Billet, Note, Congress, Cap Bill and Legal paper, also over 100 boxes of Initial paper and a large stock of envelopes.

MISCELLANEOUS.

THE HOWE MACHINE CO.

Are now able, from their increased facilities for manufacture, to offer their

IMPROVED
SEWING MACHINES

On the most advantangeous terms. They are now manufacturing

SIX HUNDRED DAILY.

During the past six years they have manufactured and sold

600,0000

Which attests the great popularity of this unequaled Machine. Until the year 1865.

ELIAS HOWE, JR.,

THE ORIGINAL INVENTOR OF

SEWING MACHINES!

Did not compete with companies who were paying him royalty for the use of his patents. At that time he commenced manufacturing and put the genius which invented the Sewing Machine, the experience learned from the failures of other manufacturers, and the experience of a long life as a practical mechanic into the

HOWE MACHINE.

It is a noticeable fact that the

HOWE MACHINE COMPANY
HAS
FOUR HUNDRED THOUSAND
OF THE
Howe Machines in Use,

Although having existed but six years, while the Company which claims to have the most in use, has only but twice that number, though having existed for twenty years.

F. L. KURTZ,
ELIZABETH CITY,
AND
HERTFORD,

Will sell on credit or lease on Monthly payments, and offers such easy terms that every one can afford to have a

HOWE
Sewing Machine.

He will spare neither pains nor expense to give his customers complete satisfaction.

HE SELLS AT NEW YORK PRICES AND DOES NOT CHARGE FIFTEEN DOLLARS IN ADVANCE AS SOME RIVAL AGENTS ARE DOING.

Apr. 23rd, 1873—6m.

"The Old Merchant"
ON
WATER STREET.

HEAD QUARTERS EOR THE BEST ASSORTMENT AND QUALITY OF GOODS IN ELIZABETH CITY.

S. Weisel,

Takes pleasure in announcing to his numerous friends and patrons as well as to the general public that he has received from the Northern Cities a new Stock of

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC

DRY GOODS,
DRY GOODS,
DRY GOODS,
DRY GOODS,
DRY GOODS,
LINENS CLOTHS,
LINENS CLOTHS,
LINENS CLOTHS,
LINENS CLOTHS,
CASSIMERES, CLOTHING,
CASSIMERES, CLOTHING,
CASSIMERES, CLOTHING,
CASSIMERES, CLOTHING,
TRIMMINGS, SILKS,
TRIMMINGS, SILKS,
TRIMMINGS, SILKS,
TRIMMINGS, SILKS,
AND
AND
AND
AND
FANCY DRESS GOODS.
FANCY DRESS GOODS.
FANCY DRESS GOODS.
FANCY DRESS GOODS

ALSO

HATS, CAPS
and the very best assortment of
BOOTS AND SHOES.

HE don't believe in "puffing" but is willing for his Goods to speak for themselves. He invites all to call and examine them;

He is still at the old stand on the

CORNER OF MAIN AND WATER ST.

April 23d, 1873—1yr.

A VALUABLE HOTEL PROPERTY FOR SALE.

I offer for sale the Property in the town of Hertford, Perquimans County, N. C., known as the "Union and Eagle Hotels" and formerly owned by Jos. E. White Esq. It consists of *half a square*, comprising *six Lots*, of Real Estate, with the buildings thereon and situated in the very centre of the business portion of the town.

The Hotel *property* is in good repair and contains a sufficient number of rooms to meet all the demands of the local and travelling Public. It is also supplied with a set of *stables*, good shelters and an excellent Garden.

In addition to this, there are upon the premises three good buildings suitable for stores and twenty or more rooms well adapted for sleeping apartments or professional offices. The Property can be purchased *in whole* or will be cut up into lots or parcels, to suit the convenience of those wishing to buy.

Persons desiring to examine the Property are refered to J. E. White, Esq., who still resides on the premises, or to my Attorney, Thos. H. Gilliam Esq., who will be pleased to show them over the premises and acquaint them with the terms and conditions upon which the same will be sold.

E. W. THACH.
Edenton N. C., 1873.—3m

MISCELLANEOUS.

NEW

BOOT AND SHOE

STORE

AT

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

THE LARGEST AND BEST SELECTED STOCK OF BOOTS AND SHOES EVER BROUGHT TO ELIZABETH CITY

CONSISTING OF

LADIES' KID, CLOTH AND MOROCCO GAITERS
MISSES AND CHILDREN SHOES
GENTS' MOROCCO, CLOTH, CALF AND KIP BOOTS

The best Sewed Women's Shoes ever offered in this market.

CUSTOM WORK

Done at short notice, and by the best Philadelphia Workmen.

REPAIRING

NEATLY AND PROMPTLY DONE

LEATHER & FINDINGS

AT THE LOWEST RATES.

ROAD STREET, NEXT DOOR TO BELL'S GUN STORE.

WM. GREEN.

April 9th, 1873.-1yr.

SPRING 1873.

BRODRICK & SMITH.

KEEP CONSTANTLY ON HAND

A FULL LINE OF

General Merchandise.

Wholesale & Retail.

DRY GOODS,	DRESS GOODS.
NOTIONS,	CLOTHS,
CLOTHING,	HATS & CAPS.
BOOTS & SHOES,	ROPES,
GROCERIES,	PROVISIONS,
HARDWARE,	STOVES,
WOOD & WILLOW WARE,	
GLASS & QUEENS WARE.	
ETC., ETC.	

A LARGE CARGO OF

COAL

JUST RECEIVED.

Country Produce taken in exchange for Goods.

BRODRICK & SMITH.
WATER STREET.

NORFOLK ADVERTIEMENTS.

CARPETS AND UPHOLSTERY.—

H. WERTHEIMER.

24 Main Street, Norfolk, Va.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

STAPLE AND HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS.

Keeps on hand a full line of Linen Goods, such as Sheetings, in all widths, Shirtings, Towels, Crashes, Table Damasks, Napkins and Doyles, Table and Crumb Cloths, a large assortment of Cotton Sheetings from 4-4 to 12-4, the very best makes.

A splended assortment of White Goods and Quilts, Carpetings, Oil Cloths, Matting Rugs, &c., &c.

Special attention is called to the Upholstery and Paper-Hangings. A large stock of Wall Papers at very reduced prices.

Damasks, Plain and Striped Reps, Lace Curtains, Dimitys, French, English, and American Furniture Calicos, to which Particular Attention is called.

April 13, 1871-1y.

ATLANTIC HOTEL,
NORFOLK, VA.
R. S. DODSON, PROPRIETOR.

BOARD, First and Second Floors per Day $3.00
Third and Fourth " " " 2.50

Special Terms for Permanent Boarders
June 18th, 1873.

GRANT, MANN & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS

And dealers in

FURNITURE,
UPHOLSTERY,
WINDOW SHADES
AND
CARPETS,
Johnson's Hall, Main St.,

NORFOLK, VA.

Prices Lower than Northern Markets.

Dealers and consumers wanting goods in our line will do well to give us a call before selecting, as they may find it to their advantage.

Keep constantly on hand all kinds of

FURNITURE,

which we offer at very small advance on price of manufacture.

Call attention to our large stock of

Mattings and Oil Cloths,

which offer at old prices, notwithstanding the advance over last season's prices.

Special attention given to all orders.

GRANT, MANN & CO.

C. C. PRICE & SON

ARE NOW PAYING THE HIGHEST

CASH

PRICES FOR COTTON AND WOOLEN RAGS,
CANVAS, ROPE,
IRON, BRASS, LEAD, ZINC,
COPPER, PEWTER,
HIDES, PELTS, DEERSKINS,
EGGS, DUCKS,
CHICKENS,
COTTON, WOOL, WASTE PAPER,
BOOKS, NET, SEINE, BAGGING,
BONES, BEESWAX, FEATHERS,
BARRELS
OF ALL KINDS, ETC., ETC.
"JUNK STORE,"
WATER STREET,

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C., May 21st, 1873.

WATER WHEEL

NUMEROUS TESTS HAVE PROVED
N. F. Burnham's New Tribune
Water Wheel
To be the best ever Invented.

Pamph let Free. Address
49—6m.

THE
NORTH CAROLINIAN
NEWSPAPER,
AND
JOB OFFICE.

Office near Corner of
Main and Road Sts.,
ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

Handbills, Circulars, Billheads, Blanks, Checks, Paper Books, Programmes, and every other kind of printing executed in the very latest style and at

REASONABLE RATES.

Printing in Colors, Bronzes, and Fancy Styles done in the neatest manner and at short notice.

Business men in general, will find it to their interest to patronize the
CAROLINIAN OFFICE.

MICELLANEOUS.

BANKRUPTCY.

THE FIFTY PER CENT. CLAUSE.

As there seems to be a misunderstanding in regard to the effect of the provision of the Bankrupt Act, commonly called the 50 per cent. clause, we publish the following extracts from the Act:

The second clause of the thirty-third section as amended by the Act of July 27, 1868, provides "that no discharge shall be granted to a debtor whose assets *shall not be equal* to fifty per centum of the *claims proved against* his estate upon which he *shall be liable as the principal debtor*, unless the assent of writing of a majority in number and value of his creditors to whom he *shall have become liable as principal debtor*, and who *shall have proved their claims*, filed in the case at or before the time of hearing of the application for discharge.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled—that the provision of the second clause of the thirty-third section of said act as amended by the first section of an act in amendment thereof, approved July 27th, 1868, shall not apply to those debts from which the bankrupt seeks a discharge which were contracted prior to January 1st, 1868.

The true meaning is not that a bankrupt must be able to pay fifty per cent of all his debts, before he can obtain a discharge, as many believe; but that his estate in the hands of his assignee, at the time of the discharge must be *equal, to fifty per cent.* of the amount of the debts.

1. That he owes as *principal*;

2. That have been *proved* against his estate in bankruptcy; and

3. That he has contracted since the 31st day of December, 1868.

Or, if a majority in number and value of those who have proved their debts, to whom the bankrupt is indebted as principal, on debts contracted subsequent to Dec., 31, 1868, consent in writing to the discharge—such bankrupt may be discharged forever from all his debts.

If a debtor, owing three thousand dollars as principal, twenty-five hundred of which indebtedness was contracted prior to January 1, 1869, and five hundred subsequent to that time, files his petition in bankruptcy, and all his creditors prove against him, and there are no assets in the hands of the assignee, the petitioner will be entitled to a discharge; but it will be a bar only to the debts contracted prior to January 1, 1869.—If no creditors prove, the discharge will be good against all debts, whether contracted before or after January 1, 1869.

The practical effect in bankruptcy cases generally is, that creditors fail to prove their debts, finding it ordinarily unprofitable. They have had, in a large majority of instances, heretofore the trouble and expense of making proofs without receiving any return. The 50 per cent. bugbear, therefore when viewed in the light of the law and common-sense, disappear.

EXEMPTIONS IN BANKRUPTCY.

The exemptions under the 14th section of the Bankrupt Act are as follows:

1. Household and Kitchen furniture to an amount not exceeding $500.00

2. Wearing apparel of Bankrupt and family.

3. Uniforms, &c., if he has been a soldier in the United States Army.

4. Personal property of the value of $500.00 to be selected by the Bankrupt.

5. A Homestead and the dwelling and building used therewith, not exceeding in value the sum of $1000.00; or in lieu thereof, one lot in any city, town or village not exceeding in value the sum of $1000.000.

6. The reversionary interest in the Homestead lands.

In laying off the Exemptions in some Districts, the Assignees are ordered to accept, and abide by, any assignment of a homestead which has been made by a Sheriff under the State laws, or which has been assigned upon the application of a debtor in accordance with the laws of North Carolina. Where no such assignment of homestead has been made, the assignee will proceed to set apart such homestead, and make the other exemptions according to the rules of the bankrupt Court.

The report of such exemptions when made by the assignee can be excepted to by the bankrupt or by any creditor, within twenty days after the allotment of such exempt property.

EFFECT OF THE DISCHARGE IN BANKRUPTCY UPON JUDGMENT.

It is the opinion of many of our best lawyers that the discharge in bankruptcy, discharges judgment, debts existing against the bankrupt at the time of filing his petition, and that therefore the liens existing by virtue of such judgments, upon homesteads are wiped out and cannot afterwards be enforced. In fine that the practical effect of the discharge, is to leave a man, whose homestead was encumbered by judgments, free from all his debts, of every nature, and the owner in fee simple of such homestead.

Again many lawyers, equally prominent in the profession, are of opinion that such will not be the effect of the discharge. That the homestead, will still be liable under the judgments and that when it determines under the State laws, the judgment creditor may enforce his lien and collect his debts.

To place this matter beyond doubt, the following rule has been adopted for the benefit of petitioners who are not willing to run any risk.

That the petitioning debtor may file his petition in the District Court, addressed to Hon. Geo. W. Brooks, asking that the judgment creditor, or creditors, show cause why the liens existing in pursuance of their judgments should not be adjusted by said court, and their present value ascertain and fixed, and the amount when so ascertained, to be made the true value of such lien or liens by the decree or judgment of said District Court, in bankruptcy.

The right to adjust such liens, is exercised in pursuance of Sec. 1. of the Bankrupt Act.

FILING PETITIONS AND SCHEDULES.

Petitions and Schedules must be in duplicate Petitioner should sign each sheet, except both to schedules. It is not necessary to file sheets of schedules that are not used. All papers in bankruptcy must be sworn to before a Register in Bankruptcy, U. S. Commissioner, or Clerk of the court.

The following deposit to secure costs is required at time of filing Petition. Register $50, Clerk $20, Messenger $5. Bankruptcy blanks can be had of M. B. Culpepper, Elizabeth City, prepared in sets for Two Dollars per set.

The original papers in all such cases should be sent to T. W. Costen, Register, Elizabeth City, N. C.

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